St Bees Little Learners Nursery Policy & procedure List

- Achieving Positive Behaviour
- Admissions
- Allegations of abuse against staff
- Child Absence
- Children's records
- Complaints
- Confidentiality and client access to records
- Covid Policy
- Data protection
- Dummy Policy
- Employee Privacy Notice
- Equality, inclusion and diversity
- Evacuation Policy/Fire evacuation procedure
- Fee Policy
- Feedback
- First Aid
- Food and Drink
- Health and Safety Policy
- Information sharing
- Key person
- Lockdown Procedure
- Manual handling
- Medication & illness Policy
- Missing/Lost Child
- Mobile phone policy
- Nappy Changing Procedure
- No smoking policy
- Parent/Carers Privacy Notice
- Provider records
- Risk assessment
- Safeguarding children
- Settling in and key person
- Staff Behaviour
- Staffing and employment –supervision policy
- Suitable persons students
- Supervision of children on outing
- Supporting children with SEN
- Tapestry
- Toilet policy
- Transfer of records
- **1** | P a g e
- Updated: September 2021





- Uncollected child policy
- Whistleblowing policy
- Working with other agencies
- Working with parents

Achieving positive behaviour Policy

Policy statement

St Bees Little Learners Nursery believes that children flourish best when their personal, social and

emotional needs are met and where there are clear and developmentally appropriate expectations

for their behaviour.

Children need to learn to consider the views and feelings, needs and rights, of others and the impact

that their behaviour has on people, places and objects. This is a developmental task that requires

support, encouragement, teaching and setting the correct example. The principles that underpin how

we achieve positive and considerate behaviour exist within our programme for promoting personal,

social and emotional development.

Procedures

We have a named person – Kayleigh Robertson, who has overall responsibility for our programme

for supporting personal, social and emotional development, including issues concerning behaviour.

We require the named person to:

keep her/himself up-to-date with legislation, research and thinking on promoting positive

behaviour and on handling children's behaviour where it may require additional support;

access relevant sources of expertise on promoting positive behaviour within our programme

for supporting personal, social and emotional development; and

check that all staff have relevant in-service training on promoting positive behaviour. We keep

a record of staff attendance at this training.

We recognise that codes for interacting with other people vary between cultures and require

staff to be aware of, and respect, those used by members of the setting.

We require all staff, volunteers and students to provide a positive model of behaviour by

treating children, parents and one another with friendliness, care and courtesy.

We familiarise new staff and volunteers with the setting's Achieving Positive Behaviour Policy

and its guidelines for behaviour.

• We expect all members of our setting - children, parents, staff, volunteers and students - to

keep to the guidelines, requiring these to be applied consistently.

We work in partnership with children's parents. Parents are regularly informed about their

children's behaviour by their key person. We work with parents to address recurring

inconsiderate behaviour, using our observation records to help us to understand the cause

and to decide jointly how to respond appropriately.

Strategies with children who engage in inconsiderate behaviour

We require all staff, volunteers and students to use positive strategies for handling any inconsiderate

behaviour, by helping children to find solutions in ways which are appropriate for the children's ages

and stages of development. Such solutions might include, for example, acknowledgement of feelings,

explanation as to what was not acceptable, and supporting children to gain control of their feelings,

so that they can learn a more appropriate response.

We ensure that there are enough popular toys and resources and sufficient activities available so that

children are meaningfully occupied without the need for unnecessary conflict over sharing and waiting

for turns.

We acknowledge considerate behaviour such as kindness and willingness to share.

We support each child in developing self-esteem, confidence and feelings of competence.

We support each child in developing a sense of belonging in our group, so that they feel valued and

welcome.

We avoid creating situations in which children receive adult attention only in return for inconsiderate

behaviour.

When children behave in inconsiderate ways, we help them to understand the outcomes of their

actions and support them in learning how to cope more appropriately.

We never send children out of the room by themselves, nor do we use a 'naughty chair' or a 'time out'

strategy that excludes children from the group.

2 | P a g e

We never use physical or corporal punishment, such as smacking or shaking. Children are never

threatened with these.

We do not use techniques intended to single out and humiliate individual children.

We use physical restraint, such as holding, only to prevent physical injury to children or adults and/or

serious damage to property.

Details of such an event (what happened, what action was taken and by whom, and the names of

witnesses) are brought to the attention of our manager and are recorded in the child's personal file.

The child's parent(s) is/are informed on the same day.

In cases of serious misbehaviour, such as racial or other abuse, we make clear immediately the

unacceptability of the behaviour and attitudes, by means of explanations rather than personal blame.

We do not shout or raise our voices in a threatening way to respond to children's inconsiderate

behaviour.

Children under three years

When children under three years old behave in inconsiderate ways we recognise that the strategies

for supporting them will need to be developmentally appropriate and differ from those for older

children.

We recognise that babies and very young children are unable to regulate their own emotions, such

as fear, anger or distress, and require sensitive adults to help them do this.

Common inconsiderate or hurtful behaviours of young children include tantrums, biting or fighting.

Staff are calm and patient, offering comfort to intense emotions, helping children to manage their

feelings and talk about them to help resolve issues and promote understanding.

If tantrums, biting or fighting are frequent, we try to find out the underlying cause - such as a change

or upheaval at home, or a frequent change of carers. Sometimes a child has not settled in well and

the behaviour may be the result of 'separation anxiety'.

3 | Page

We focus on ensuring a child's attachment figure in the setting, their key person, is building a strong

relationship to provide security to the child.

Rough and tumble play and fantasy aggression

Young children often engage in play that has aggressive themes, such as superhero and weapon

play. Some children appear pre-occupied with these themes, but their behaviour is not necessarily a

precursor to hurtful behaviour or bullying; although it may be inconsiderate at times and may need

addressing using strategies as above.

We recognise that teasing and rough and tumble play are normal for young children and acceptable

within limits. We regard these kinds of play as pro-social and not as problematic or aggressive.

We will develop strategies to contain play that are agreed with the children, and understood by them,

with acceptable behavioural boundaries to ensure children are not hurt.

We recognise that fantasy play also contains many violently dramatic strategies, e.g. blowing up and

shooting, and that themes often refer to 'goodies and baddies' and as such offer opportunities for us

to explore concepts of right and wrong.

We are able to tune in to the content of the play, perhaps to suggest alternative strategies for heroes

and heroines, making the most of 'teachable moments' to encourage empathy and lateral thinking to

explore alternative scenarios and strategies for conflict resolution.

Hurtful behaviour

We take hurtful behaviour very seriously. Most children under the age of five will at some stage hurt

or say something hurtful to another child, especially if their emotions are high at the time, but it is not

helpful to label this behaviour as 'bullying'. For children under five, hurtful behaviour is momentary,

spontaneous and often without cognisance of the feelings of the person whom they have hurt.

We recognise that young children behave in hurtful ways towards others because they have not yet

developed the means to manage intense feelings that sometimes overwhelm them.

4 | Page

We will help them manage these feelings, as they have neither the biological means nor the cognitive

means to do this for themselves.

We understand that self-management of intense emotions, especially of anger, happens when the

brain has developed neurological systems to manage the physiological processes that take place

when triggers activate responses of anger or fear.

Therefore we help this process by offering support, calming the child who is angry, as well as the one

who has been hurt by the behaviour. By helping the child to return to a normal state, we are helping

the brain to develop the physiological response system that will help the child be able to manage his

or her own feelings.

We do not engage in punitive responses to a young child's rage as that will have the opposite effect.

Our way of responding to pre-verbal children is to calm them through holding and cuddling. Verbal

children will also respond to cuddling to calm them down, but we offer them an explanation and

discuss the incident with them to their level of understanding.

We recognise that young children require help in understanding the range of feelings they experience.

We help children recognise their feelings by naming them and helping children to express them,

making a connection verbally between the event and the feeling. "Adam took your car, didn't he, and

you were enjoying playing with it. You didn't like it when he took it, did you? Did it make you feel

angry? Is that why you hit him?" Older children will be able to verbalise their feelings better, talking

through themselves the feelings that motivated the behaviour.

We help young children learn to empathise with others, understanding that they have feelings too and

that their actions impact on others' feelings. "When you hit Adam, it hurt him and he didn't like that

and it made him cry."

We help young children develop pro-social behaviour, such as resolving conflict over who has the

toy. "I can see you are feeling better now and Adam isn't crying any more. Let's see if we can be

friends and find another car, so you can both play with one."

We are aware that the same problem may happen over and over before skills such as sharing and

turn-taking develop. In order for both the biological maturation and cognitive development to take

5 | Page

place, children will need repeated experiences with problem solving, supported by patient adults and

clear boundaries.

We support social skills through modelling behaviour and through activities, drama and stories. We

build self-esteem and confidence in children, recognising their emotional needs through close and

committed relationships with them.

We help a child to understand the effect that their hurtful behaviour has had on another child; we do

not force children to say sorry, but encourage this where it is clear that they are genuinely sorry and

wish to show this to the person they have hurt.

When hurtful behaviour becomes problematic, we work with parents to identify the cause and find a

solution together. The main reasons for very young children to engage in excessive hurtful behaviour

are that:

• they do not feel securely attached to someone who can interpret and meet their needs - this

may be in the home and it may also be in the setting;

their parent, or carer in the setting, does not have skills in responding appropriately, and

consequently negative patterns are developing where hurtful behaviour is the only response

the child has to express feelings of anger;

• the child may have insufficient language, or mastery of English, to express him or herself and

may feel frustrated;

• the child is exposed to levels of aggressive behaviour at home and may be at risk emotionally,

or may be experiencing child abuse;

the child has a developmental condition that affects how they behave.

Where this does not work, we use the Special Educational Needs Code of Practice to support

the child and family, making the appropriate referrals to a Behaviour Support Team where

necessary.

Bullying

We take bullying very seriously. Bullying involves the persistent physical or verbal abuse of another

child or children. It is characterised by intent to hurt, often planned, and accompanied by an

awareness of the impact of the bullying behaviour.

6 | P a g e

A child who is bullying has reached a stage of cognitive development where he or she is able to plan to carry out a premeditated intent to cause distress to another. Bullying can occur in children five years old and over and may well be an issue in after school clubs and holiday schemes catering for

slightly older children.

If a child bullies another child or children:

• we show the children who have been bullied that we are able to listen to their concerns and

act upon them;

• we intervene to stop the child who is bullying from harming the other child or children;

we explain to the child doing the bullying why her/his behaviour is not acceptable;

we give reassurance to the child or children who have been bullied;

we help the child who has done the bullying to recognise the impact of their actions;

we make sure that children who bully receive positive feedback for considerate behaviour and

are given opportunities to practise and reflect on considerate behaviour;

we do not label children who bully as 'bullies';

• we recognise that children who bully may be experiencing bullying themselves, or be subject

to abuse or other circumstances causing them to express their anger in negative ways towards

others;

• we recognise that children who bully are often unable to empathise with others and for this

reason we do not insist that they say sorry unless it is clear that they feel genuine remorse for

what they have done. Empty apologies are just as hurtful to the bullied child as the original

behaviour;

• we discuss what has happened with the parents of the child who did the bullying and work out

with them a plan for handling the child's behaviour; and

we share what has happened with the parents of the child who has been bullied, explaining

that the child who did the bullying is being helped to adopt more acceptable ways of behaving.

Further guidance

Special Educational Needs Code of Practice (DfES 2014)

7 | Page

Admissions Policy

Policy statement

At St Bees Little Learners Nursery it is our intention to make our setting accessible to children and families from all sections of the local community. We aim to ensure that all sections of our community

have access to the setting through open, fair and clearly communicated procedures.

Procedures

We ensure that the existence of our setting is widely advertised in places accessible to all sections of

the community.

We ensure that information about our setting is accessible and provided in written and spoken form.

We arrange our waiting list as first come first served. In addition, our policy may take into account the $\frac{1}{2}$

following:

• the vicinity of the home to the setting; and

siblings already attending the setting.

• We keep a place vacant, if this is financially viable, to accommodate an emergency admission.

• We describe our setting and its practices in terms that make it clear that it welcomes both

fathers and mothers, other relations and other carers, including childminders.

8 | P a g e

- We describe how our practices treat each child and their family, having regard to their needs arising from their gender, special educational needs, disabilities, social background, religion and ethnicity or from English being a newly acquired additional language.
- We describe how our practices enable children and/or parents with disabilities to take part in the life of the setting.
- We monitor the gender and ethnic background of children joining the group to ensure that our intake is representative of social diversity.
- We make our Valuing Diversity and Promoting Equality Policy widely known.
- We consult with families about the opening times of the setting to ensure we accommodate a broad range of families' needs.
- We are flexible about attendance patterns to accommodate the needs of individual children and families, providing these do not disrupt the pattern of continuity in the setting that provides stability for all the children.
- Children must attend minimum of 3 hours per session, at least 2 sessions a week.

Allegations of Abuse against Staff Policy

Introduction

It is essential that any allegation of abuse made against a member of staff, students on placement, volunteers, bank staff in our setting is dealt with fairly, quickly, and consistently, in a way that provides effective protection for the child and at the same time supports the person who is the subject of the allegation. Thus, the procedures outlined in this policy will be followed alongside the nursery's complaints procedure and child protection policy.

All staff and volunteers should understand what to do if they receive an allegation against another member of staff or they themselves have concerns about the behaviour of another member of staff.. It is our policy that all allegations will be reported straight away, to the manager, or to the Chairman of Governors in cases where the Manager is absent or is the subject of the allegation or concern.

This policy follows the Government guidance in chapter 5 of 'Safeguarding Children and Safer Recruitment in Education 34 'LSE Nursery also adopts the Government guidance - "Working Together

9 | P a g e

to Safeguard Children: A guide to inter-agency working to safeguard and promote the welfare of

children" (2006), which sets out the framework for managing cases of allegations of abuse against

people who work with children.

Purpose

This policy will be adopted in respect of allegations that might indicate that a person is unsuitable to

continue to work with children in their present position, or in any capacity. The Nursery's complaints

and child protection procedures will be followed alongside this policy.

This policy will be used in respect of all cases in which it is alleged that a member of staff (including

a volunteer, student) has:

behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child (see Child Protection

Policy for definition of harm);

possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child; or,

behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates s/he is unsuitable to work with

children. This will include cases of verbal abuse.

There may be up to 3 strands in the consideration of an allegation:

a police investigation of a possible criminal offence;

enquiries and assessment by children's social care about whether a child is in need of

protection or in need of services;

consideration by the Nursery of disciplinary action in respect of the individual.

Supporting Those Involved

Parents or carers of a child or children involved will be told about the allegation as soon as possible

if they do not already know of it. They will also be kept informed about the progress of the case, and

told the outcome where there is not a criminal prosecution. That includes the outcome of any

disciplinary process. NB. The deliberations of a disciplinary hearing, and the information taken into

account in reaching a decision, cannot normally be disclosed, but the parents or carers of the child

will be told the outcome.

10 | Page

In cases where a child may have suffered significant harm, or there may be a criminal prosecution,

children's social care, or the police as appropriate, will be consulted by the Chairman of Governors to

consider what support the child or children involved may need. The Chairman of Governors and

manager will also keep the person who is the subject of the allegations informed of the progress of

the case and consider what other support is appropriate for the individual. If the person is suspended,

the Chairman of Governors and manager will also keep the individual informed about developments

at the nursery. If the person is a member of a union or professional association s/he will be advised

to contact that body at the outset.

Confidentiality

Every effort will be made to maintain confidentiality and guard against publicity while an allegation is

being investigated/considered.

Resignations and "Compromise Agreements"

The fact that a person tenders his or her resignation, or ceases to provide their services, will not

prevent an allegation being followed up in accordance with these procedures. Every effort will be

made to reach a conclusion in all cases of allegations bearing in mind the safety or welfare of children

including any in which the person concerned refuses to cooperate with the process.

Wherever possible the person will be given a full opportunity to answer the allegation and make

representations about it. The process of investigating the allegation, and reaching a judgement about

whether it can be regarded as substantiated will continue even if the person does not cooperate.

Similarly, so called "compromise agreements" by which a person agrees to resign, the nursery agrees

not to pursue disciplinary action, and both parties agree a form of words to be used in any future

reference, will not be used in cases of alleged child abuse. In any event, such an agreement will not

prevent a thorough police investigation where that is appropriate. Furthermore, it will not override the

statutory duty to make a referral to the Independent Safeguarding Authority (ISA) for consideration of

placing the person's name on the Children's Barred List where circumstances require that.

Record Keeping

11 | Page

A clear and comprehensive summary of any allegations made, details of how the allegation was

followed up and resolved, and a note of any action taken and decisions reached, will be kept on a

person's confidential personnel file, and a copy provided to the person concerned. The purpose of

the record is to enable accurate information to be given in response to any future request for a

reference if the person has moved on.

It will provide clarification in cases where a future DBS Disclosure reveals information from the police

about an allegation that did not result in a criminal conviction. In addition, it will help to prevent

unnecessary re-investigation if, as sometimes happens, an allegation re-surfaces after a period of

time. The record will be retained at least until the person has reached normal retirement age or for a

period of 10 years from the date of the allegation, if that is longer.

Timescales

It is in everyone's interest to resolve cases as quickly as possible consistent with a fair and thorough

investigation. Every effort will be made to manage cases to avoid any unnecessary delay.

Initial Considerations

The Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) should be informed, by the manager of all allegations

of abuse against staff on the same day, even where the police are contacted directly.

The manager will inform the accused person about the allegation as soon as possible after consulting

the LADO. However, where a strategy discussion is needed, or where police or children's social care

need to be involved, the manger will not do that until those agencies have been consulted, and have

agreed what information can be disclosed to the person. If the person is a member of a union or

professional association s/he will be advised to contact that organisation at the outset.

If the allegation is not demonstrably false or unfounded, and there is cause to suspect a child is

suffering or is likely to suffer significant harm, a strategy discussion will be convened by the manager

with the LADO and other appropriate agencies, such as the police and social services.

In cases where a formal strategy discussion is not considered appropriate because the threshold of

"significant harm" is not reached, but a police investigation might be needed, the manager will consult

12 | Page

with the LADO, police and any other agencies involved with the child to evaluate the allegation and

decide how it should be dealt with.

(NB. The police will be consulted about any case in which a criminal offence may have been

committed.)

If the allegation is about physical contact, the strategy discussion or initial evaluation with the police

will take account of the fact that nursery staff are entitled to use reasonable force to control or restrain

children in certain circumstances, including dealing with disruptive behaviour, under s.93 of the

Education and Inspections Act 2006.

The LADO and the manager may conclude that the complaint or allegation is such that it is clear that

an investigation by police and/or enquiries by social care is not necessary. In these circumstances

the options open to the nursery depend on the nature and circumstances of the allegation and the

evidence and information available, and will range from taking no further action to summary dismissal

or a decision not to use the person's services in future.

Suspension

Suspension will be considered in any case where there is cause to suspect a child is at risk of

significant harm, or the allegation warrants investigation by the police, or is so serious that it might be

grounds for dismissal. However, a person will not be suspended automatically, or without careful

thought.

The power to suspend is vested in the Manager. However, they will speak to the LADO who may

canvass police/social care views about whether the accused member of staff needs to be suspended

from contact with children, to inform the nursery's consideration of suspension.

Action on Conclusion of a Case

If the allegation is substantiated and the person is dismissed or the nursery ceases to use the

person's services, or the person resigns or otherwise ceases to provide his/her services, the Manager

will determine with the LADO whether a referral to the ISA is required, or advisable. The school must

report to the ISA, any person (whether employed, contracted or a volunteer) whose services are no

13 | Page

longer used because he or she is considered unsuitable to work with children. (The ISA, PO Box 181,

Darlington DL1 9FA. Tel: 0300 1231111). This report will be made within one month of the decision

to cease using the services of that person.

In cases where it is decided on the conclusion of the case that a person who has been suspended

can return to work the nursery will consider how best to facilitate that. We appreciate that most people

will benefit from some help and support to return to work after a very stressful experience. Depending

on the individual's circumstances, a phased return and/or the provision of a mentor to provide

assistance and support in the short term may be appropriate. The nursery will also consider how the

person's contact with the child or children who made the allegation can best be managed if they are

still attending the nursery

Action in Respect of False Allegations

If an allegation is determined to be false, the manager will refer the matter to children's social services

to determine whether the child concerned is in need of services, or may have been abused by

someone else. In the rare event that an allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or

malicious, the manager will consider whether any disciplinary action is appropriate against the

staff/child who made it, or the police should be asked to consider whether any action might be

appropriate against the person responsible if s/he was not a child.

Child Absence Procedure

Reported Absence

All reported cases of non-attendance either for illness or other absences should be reported to the

Management Team. Absences may either be reported by telephone or in person by the parent/carer

using the following procedure;

14 | Page

The Parent/carer should inform the nursery of their child's absence either by telephone or in person.

The staff member taking the information must then inform the Room Leader who will adjust the

registers accordingly.

The Room Leader must then inform the Management Team.

The Room Leader must also record information of the absence including the; child's name, date and

reason for absence on the absence form in the nursery office.

Unreported Absence

All unreported cases of non-attendance will be investigated by the Room Leader using the following

procedure;

Children who have not arrived in the setting an hour after their intended arrival will be contacted in

order to confirm the reason for absence.

The Room Leader must then inform the Manager and adjust the registers within the room as

necessary.

All child absences must be verified, in a case whereby parents/carers are un-contactable, the

Nursery will then contact the emergency contact on the child's registration form.

In cases whereby no contact is made with any contact on the child's registration form, and when the

child does not return to the setting for an extended period of time, steps will be taken to ensure the

well-being of the child and this information will be reported to the relevant organisations following our

'Safeguarding and Promoting Children's Welfare Policy'.

All absences are recorded and monitored

The nursery management team must be made aware of all absences on a daily basis.

15 | Page

Please help us in implementing this procedure which is designed to protect children in emergency situations. Please also note that it is parent responsibility to ensure that emergency contact numbers are up to date.

Whilst attendance at nursery is not a statutory requirement, adhering to the safeguarding and promoting children's welfare policy is required in order to protect children from harm. It is also very helpful to the smooth running of the nursery and to effectively forward plan the children's activities

Unfortunately we cannot make any reductions for unplanned absence.

Children's Records Policy

Policy statement

St Bees Little Learners Nursery have record keeping systems in place that meet legal requirements;

the means we use to store and share that information takes place within the framework of the Data

Protection Act (1998) and the Human Rights Act (1998).

Procedures

We keep two kinds of records on children attending our setting:

Developmental records

These include observations of children in the setting, photographs, video clips and samples of their

work and summary developmental reports.

These are usually kept in the main nursery and can be freely accessed, and contributed to, by staff,

the child and the child's parents.

Personal records

These include registration and admission forms, signed consent forms, correspondence concerning

the child or family, reports or minutes from meetings concerning the child from other agencies, an

ongoing record of relevant contact with parents, and observations by staff on any confidential matter

involving the child, such as developmental concerns or child protection matters.

These confidential records are stored in a lockable file or cabinet and are kept secure by the person

in charge in an office or other suitably safe place.

Parents have access, in accordance with our Client Access to Records Policy, to the files and records

of their own children, but do not have access to information about any other child.

Staff will not discuss personal information given by parents with other members of staff, except where

it affects planning for the child's needs. Staff induction includes an awareness of the importance of

confidentiality in the role of the key person.

We retain children's records for three years after they have left the setting, except records that relate

to an accident or child protection matter, which are kept until a child reaches the age of 21 years.

These are kept in a secure place.

Other records

We keep a daily record of the names of the children we are caring for, their hours of attendance and

the names of their key person.

Issues to do with the employment of staff, whether paid or unpaid, remain confidential to the people

directly involved with making personnel decisions.

Students taking recognised qualifications and training, when they are observing in the setting, are

advised of our Confidentiality and Client Access to Records Policy and are required to respect it.

Legal framework

Data Protection Act (1998)

Human Rights Act (1998)

Further guidance

Information Sharing: Guidance for Practitioners and Managers (DCSF 2008)

18 | Page

Complaints Policy

Statement of Intent.

At Little Learners Nursery we believe that children and parents are entitled to expect courtesy and

prompt, careful attention to their needs and wishes. We welcome suggestions on how to improve the

Nursery and to any concerns about the running Little Learners. We will give prompt and serious

attention if you are dissatisfied about the way your child is being treated, or any actions or lack of

action by us. We anticipate that most concerns will be resolved quickly by an informal approach to

the appropriate member of staff. If this does not achieve the desired result, we have a procedure for

dealing with concerns.

Aims

We aim to bring all concerns about the running of the Nursery to a satisfactory conclusion for all

parties involved.

Procedures

All Nurseries are required to keep a "summary log" of all complaints that reach stage 2. This is to be

made available to all parents as well as to Ofsted inspectors..

Making a complaint

Stage 1

Any parent who has a concern about an aspect of the Nurseries provision talks over, first all, his/ her

concerns with Nursery Manager.

Most complaints should be resolved amicably and informally at this stage.

19 | Page

Stage 2

If this does not have a satisfactory outcome, or if the problem recurs, the parent should put the

concerns or complaint in writing to the manager and the owner

For parents not comfortable with making written complaints, there is a template form for recording

complaints (see below).

The setting stores written complaints from parents in the child's personal file. However, if the complaint

involves a detailed investigation, the manager may wish to store all information relating to the

investigation in a separate file designated for this complaint.

When the investigation into the complaint is completed, the setting manager meets with the parent to

discuss the outcome.

A written complaint will be investigated and the results of this investigation will be made available to

the parent within 28 working days of the complaint being received.

When the complaint is resolved at this stage, the summative points are logged in the Complaints

Summary Record

Stage 3

If the parent is not satisfied with the outcome of the investigation, he or she requests a meeting with

the manager and the owner. The parent should have a friend or partner present if required and the

manager should have the support of the owner.

An agreed written record of the discussion is made as well as any decision or action to take as a

result. All of the parties present at the meeting sign the record and receive a copy of it.

This signed record signifies that the procedure has concluded. When the complaint is resolved at this

stage, the summative points are logged in the Complaints Summary Record

Parents may approach OFSTED directly at any stage of this complaints procedure. In addition, where there seems to be a possible breach of our registration requirements, it is essential to involve OFSTED.
Please see attached a copy of the Formal Complaints From. If you do require the form please ask the Manager of Little Learners Nursery.
FORMAL COMPLAINT FORM
Name:
Address:
Tolonkona Na. Davi

Telephone No: Day:

Evening:

What is it you wish to complain about?

Have you complained to the Manager?	YES	NO	
When did you do this?	Date:		
What happened when you complained to the Manager?			

Confidentiality and client access to records Policy

Policy statement

'Confidential information is information that is not normally in the public domain or readily available from another source, it should have a degree of sensitivity and value and be subject to a duty of confidence. A duty of confidence arises when one person provides information to another in circumstances where it is reasonable to expect that the information will be held in confidence.'

Information Sharing: Guidance for Practitioners and Managers (DCSF 2008)

At St Bees Little Learners Nursery, staff and managers can be said to have a 'confidential relationship' with families. It is our intention to respect the privacy of children and their parents and carers, while ensuring that they access high quality early years care and education in our setting. We aim to ensure that all parents and carers can share their information in the confidence that it will only be used to enhance the welfare of their children. There are record keeping systems in place that meet legal requirements; the means we use to store and share that information takes place within the framework of the Data Protection Act (1998) and the Human Rights Act (1998).

Confidentiality procedures

23 | Page

We always check whether parents regard the information they share with us to be confidential or not.

Some parents may share information about themselves with other parents as well as staff; the setting

cannot be held responsible if information is shared beyond those parents whom the person has

'confided' in.

Information shared between parents in a discussion or training group is usually bound by a shared

agreement that the information is confidential to the group and not discussed outside of it.

We inform parents when we need to record confidential information beyond the general personal

information we keep (see our Children's Records Policy) - for example with regard to any injuries,

concerns or changes in relation to the child or the family, any discussions with parents on sensitive

matters, any records we are obliged to keep regarding action taken in respect of child protection and

any contact and correspondence with external agencies in relation to their child.

We keep all records securely (see our Children's Records Policy).

Client access to records procedures

Parents may request access to any confidential records held on their child and family following the

procedure below:

Any request to see the child's personal file by a parent or person with parental responsibility must be

made in writing to the manager or owner.

The manager sends a written acknowledgement.

The setting commits to providing access within 14 days, although this may be extended.

The manager or owner prepare the file for viewing.

All third parties are written to, stating that a request for disclosure has been received and asking for

their permission to disclose to the person requesting it. Copies of these letters are retained on file.

'Third parties' include all family members who may be referred to in the records.

24 | Page

It also includes workers from any other agency, including children's social care, the health authority,

etc. It is usual for agencies to refuse consent to disclose, preferring the individual to go directly to

them.

When all the consents/refusals to disclose have been received, these are attached to the copy of the

request letter.

A photocopy of the complete file is taken.

The manager or owner go through the file and remove any information which a third party has refused

consent to disclose. A thick black marker is used, to score through every reference to the third party

and information they have added to the file.

What remains is the information recorded by the setting, detailing the work initiated and followed by

them in relation to confidential matters. This is called the 'clean copy'.

The 'clean copy' is photocopied for the parents, who are then invited in to discuss the contents. The

file should never be given straight over, but should be gone through by the setting leader, so that it

can be explained.

Legal advice may be sought before sharing a file, especially where the parent has possible grounds

for litigation against the setting or another (third party) agency.

Covid-19 keeping children and staff safe Following on from the recent Government update that nurseries can start to open from the 1st June 2020, we have implemented this policy document to advise all parties what we propose happens as we start the phased return to open. We want to share what we are going to do in terms of health, safety and hygiene, which we hope will answer some of your questions and put your mind at ease, before sending your child back to nursery. We still want nursery to be a caring, homely place, where children will receive comfort, care, guidance and assistance in everything that they are doing, as well as staff help with their development. We are

26 | Page

not clearing the rooms of all resources. In Early Years our hygiene routines are exemplary, so we just have to turn up the dials a notch more.

- We have a Covid 19 risk assessment in place and safe operating procedures. Each team member will be given these before commencing work.
- We are limiting the movement of both staff and children around the building and ensuring children stay with their carer for the majority of the day. This will help to limit the spread of germs within the nursery
- We have increased the amount of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) that we have on site.
 We have disposable masks to use if anyone becomes symptomatic.
- If anyone on site does become symptomatic, we will utilise another room and the cleaning of the space will commence as soon as the potentially affected person has left the premises.
- Team members are to utilise the testing facility if required.
- Symptoms High temperature/fever and/or a new persistent cough, loss of smell and taste. If the child or staff member is displaying the symptoms as above.
- Hand washing for a minimum of 20 seconds continues to be the recommendation, whenever
 a staff member has entered or left a room or following any contact with surfaces. We continue
 to promote 'catch it, kill it, bin it' following the use of a tissue and the bins will be emptied more
 frequently.
- We ask anyone with coronavirus symptoms or living with those with symptoms to stay away from the nursery and follow the government guidelines.
- We have implemented additional protective measures to include dropping off and collecting
 from the entrance of the nursery, in order to reduce the number of people entering the nursery
 itself.
- Robust cleaning procedures have been implemented to include the frequent cleaning of regularly touched surfaces in order to kill any germs that remain on nursery surfaces. Soft furnishings across the nursery have been reduced and will be washed/replaced daily. Bedding is also being washed daily following each child's use.
- We are recommending that wherever possible our team members comply with social distancing. This is in relation to adult interactions only. We will ensure, however, that our teams are good role models for supporting the children in their hygiene practices. Team members will use the staff rooms for breaks only if social distancing is possible.
- We will utilise the outdoor space and gardens to ensure children and staff get plenty of fresh air and are still able to enjoy our outdoor areas. Windows will be open throughout the nursery to ensure good ventilation in all rooms.

- The entrance hall has antibacterial hand gel for anyone that enters and exits the building.
- When carrying out care routines, such as nappy changing and bottle feeding, our staff will ensure stringent hygiene procedures, including the use of PPE.
- We continue to be guided by Public Health England and the updated government guidance.
- Staff will not be wearing face masks or PPE unless child becomes ill.
- Staff will interact with children as normal, they will cuddle as needed and care for children as we always have done.
- No parents/carers allowed through the door, staff to meet at the door on entry and leaving of each child.
- One family at door at any one time. (Other families to socially distance whilst waiting)
- We will take child/baby to wash hands on entry.
- Paper daily diary info not to be sent home, information sent via email/tapestry
- Calpol/medication; we will only administer calpol in an emergency to keep a childs temperature
 down whilst waiting for a parent to pick up. If your child is on any other medication they should
 be kept at home.
- Packed lunch /food brought in. Please send in a wipeable plastic box to enable staff to wipe over on arrival. Food in packaging children can open themselves. Babies will be helped as normal. Waste will go back into lunch box to take home. Staff who handle any food within lunch boxes will wash hands in between. Children and staff will wash hands before and after lunch. Our nursery sharing fruit bowl will not be offered. We would ask you to continue to consider healthy food options for your child.

This is a working document and as we receive new guidance this will change. I will reissue it before we open to ensure all parents have the latest information.

Kayleigh & Deanna

St Bees Little learners Nursery

GDPR

GDPR includes 7 rights for individuals

1) The right to be informed - Little Learners Nursery is a registered Childcare provider with Ofsted and as so, is required to collect and manage certain data. We need to know parent's names, addresses, telephone numbers, email addresses, date of birth and National Insurance numbers. We need to know children's' full names, addresses, date of birth and Birth Certificate number. For parents $28 \mid P \mid a \mid g \mid e$

claiming the free nursery entitlement we are requested to provide this data to Cumbria Council; this

information is sent to the Local Authority via a secure electronic file transfer system. We are required

to collect certain details of visitors to our nursery. We need to know visitors names, telephone

numbers, addresses and where appropriate company name. This is in respect of our Health and

Safety and Safeguarding Policies. As an employer Little Learners Nursery is required to hold data on

its employees; names, addresses, email addresses, telephone numbers, date of birth, National

Insurance numbers, photographic ID such as passport and driver's license, bank details. This

information is also required for company pension scheme as well as Disclosure and Barring Service

checks (DBS) and proof of eligibility to work in the UK. This information is sent via a secure file transfer

system to Capita for the processing of DBS checks.

2) The right of access - At any point an individual can make a request relating to their data and Little

Learners Nursery will need to provide a response (within 1 month). Little Learners Nursery can refuse

a request, if we have a lawful obligation to retain data i.e. from Ofsted in relation to the EYFS, but we

will inform the individual of the reasons for the rejection. The individual will have the right to complain

to the ICO if they are not happy with the decision.

3) The right to erasure - You have the right to request the deletion of your data where there is no

compelling reason for its continued use. However Little Learners Nursery has a legal duty to keep

children's and parents details for a reasonable time, Little Learners Nursery retain these records for

6 years after leaving the nursery. Staff records must be kept for 6 years after the member of leaves

employment, before they can be erased. This data is archived securely offsite and shredded after the

legal retention period. There is a full Risk Assessment in place for transportation and storage. A copy

of this Risk Assessment can be provided upon request.

4) The right to restrict processing - Parents, visitors and staff can object to Little Learners Nursery

processing their data. This means that records can be stored but must not be used in any way, for

example reports or for communications.

5) The right to data portability - Little Learners Nursery requires data to be transferred from one IT

system to another; such as from Little Learners Nursery to the Local Authority/ Early Years Team.

These recipients use secure file transfer systems and have their own policies and procedures in place

in relation to GDPR.

6) The right to object - Parents, visitors and staff can object to their data being used for certain

activities like marketing or research.

7) The right not to be subject to automated decision-making including profiling. - Automated decisions

and profiling are used for marketing based organisations. Little Learners does not use personal data

for such purposes.

All the undertakings above are subject to the paramount commitment of the setting, which is to the

safety and well-being of the child. Please see also our policy on Safeguarding Children and Child

Protection

Legal framework

Data Protection Act (1998)

Human Rights Act (1998)

Gdpr (2018)

Further guidance

Information Sharing: Guidance for Practitioners and Managers (DCSF 2008)

Dummy Policy

30 | Page

We realise that a dummy can be a source of comfort for a child who is settling in and/or upset, and

that it may often form part of a child's sleep routine.

As babies grow older they need to learn to move their mouths in different ways, to smile, to blow

bubbles, to make sounds, to chew food and eventually to talk. As babies move their mouths and

experiment with babbling sounds they are learning to make the quick mouth movements needed for

speech. The more practice they get the better their awareness of their mouths and the better their

speech will be.

The overuse of a dummy may restrict these movements from taking place and therefore effect a

child's language development.

Our nursery aims to:

• Discuss the use of dummies with parent/carer(s) as part of younger children's individual care

plans;

Only allow dummies if a child is really upset for comfort or as part of a sleep routine;

If a dummy falls on the floor or is picked up by another child, this is cleaned immediately and

sterilised where necessary;

When discouraging the dummy staff will:

• Have a designated place for the dummies to be stored, which the child will be aware of;

• Comfort the child and if age/stage appropriate explain why they are not allowed the dummy in

a sensitive and appropriate manner;

Distract children's attention with other activities and ensure they are settled before leaving

them to play;

Offer other methods of comfort such as a toy/teddy or blanket;

Explain to the child that they can have their dummy when they get home or a bed time;

We will offer support and advice to parent/carer(s) to discourage dummy use during waking hours at

home and suggest ways to wean the dummy from the child.

31 | Page

Privacy Notice (How we use employee information)

All information that we collect is necessary to meet our contractual requirements as an employer, from Ofsted, Local Authorities and the EYFS.

The categories of employee information that we collect, process, hold and share include:

- personal information (such as name, passport number, bank details, national insurance number)
- special categories of data including characteristics information such as gender, age, ethnic group – this is collected anonymously for Equal Opportunities purposes
- contract information (such as start dates, hours worked, post, roles and salary information)
- work absence information (such as number of absences and reasons)
- qualifications and DBS numbers
- relevant medical information on your health declaration and return to work self-certification forms

Why we collect and use this information

We use employee data to:

- ensure that staff have the legal right to work in the UK
- ensure that all staff have the relevant qualifications required for their role
- support individuals with any health needs or other requirements
- enable individuals to be paid
- enable us to fulfil our duty of care to our employees.

The lawful basis on which we process this information

We process this information under the following legal basis:

Contract: In that the information we process is necessary for us to fulfil our contractual obligations to you. Legitimate Interest: Through the course of employment it may be necessary for us to process data that is related to individual employee's. For example; information around absence trends, retention statistics etc. All processing that takes place is what would be reasonably expected as part $32 \mid P \mid a \mid g \mid e$

of an employee / employer relationship and is undertaken with full consideration to individuals rights

and privacy.

Collecting this information

Whilst the majority of information you provide to us is mandatory, some of it is provided to us on a

voluntary basis. In order to comply with data protection legislation, we will inform you whether you are

required to provide certain school workforce information to us or if you have a choice in this.

Storing this information

We hold employee data for 6 years after staff have ended their employment with the company.

Who we share this information with

We routinely share this information with: our local authority (by means of staff census), DfE, Ofsted

Why we share school workforce information

We do not share information about workforce members with anyone without consent unless the law

and our policies allow us to do so.

Local authority

We are required to share information about our workforce members with our local authority (LA) under

section 5 of the Education (Supply of Information about the School Workforce) (England) Regulations

2007 and amendments. We would also need to give staff details to our LADO or Ofsted if allegations

were raised against them.

33 | Page

Department for Education (DfE)

We share personal data with the Department for Education (DfE) on a statutory basis. This data sharing underpins workforce policy monitoring, evaluation, and links to funding and the assessment educational attainment.

Ofsted

During inspections Ofsted will ask to see evidence of staff qualifications and DBS numbers

Data collection requirements

The DfE collects and processes personal data relating to those employed in Early Years Settings. All settings are required to make a census submission because it is a statutory return under the Education Act 2005. To find out more about the data collection requirements placed on us by the Department for Education including the data that we share with them, go to https://www.gov.uk/guidance/early-years-census.

The department may share information about Early Years employees with third parties who promote the education or well-being of children or the effective deployment of Early Years staff in England by:

- conducting research or analysis
- producing statistics
- providing information, advice or guidance

The department has robust processes in place to ensure that the confidentiality of personal data is maintained and there are stringent controls in place regarding access to it and its use. Decisions on whether DfE releases personal data to third parties are subject to a strict approval process and based on a detailed assessment of:

- who is requesting the data
- the purpose for which it is required
- the level and sensitivity of data requested; and
- the arrangements in place to securely store and handle the data

To be granted access to school workforce information, organisations must comply with its strict terms and conditions covering the confidentiality and handling of the data, security arrangements and retention and use of the data. For more information about the department's data sharing process,

please visit: https://www.gov.uk/data-protection-how-we-collect-and-share-research-data. To contact the department: https://www.gov.uk/contact-dfe

Requesting access to your personal data

Under data protection legislation, you have the right to request access to information about you that we hold. To make a request for your personal information, contact <a href="mailto:

You also have the right to:

- object to processing of personal data that is likely to cause, or is causing, damage or distress
- prevent processing for the purpose of direct marketing
- object to decisions being taken by automated means
- in certain circumstances, have inaccurate personal data rectified, blocked, erased or destroyed; and
- claim compensation for damages caused by a breach of the Data Protection regulations

If you have a concern about the way we are collecting or using your personal data, we ask that you raise your concern with us in the first instance at mailbox@stbeeslittlelearners.co.uk Alternatively, you can contact the Information Commissioner's Office at https://ico.org.uk/concerns/

Further information

If you would like to discuss anything in this privacy notice, please contact: Compliance Officer at mailbox@stbeeslittlelearners.co.uk

Equality, Inclusion and Valuing Diversity Policy

Statement of intent

We will ensure that our service is fully inclusive in meeting the needs of all children, particularly those that arise from their ethnic heritage, social and economic background, gender, special educational needs, ability or disability.

Our setting is committed to anti-discriminatory practice to promote equality of opportunity and valuing diversity for all children and families.

Aim

We aim to:

- provide a secure and accessible environment in which all our children can flourish and in which all contributions are considered and valued
- include and value the contribution of all families to our understanding of equality and diversity
- provide positive non-stereotyping information about gender roles, diverse ethnic and cultural groups and disabled people
- improve our knowledge and understanding of issues of anti-discriminatory practice, promoting equality and valuing diversity
- make inclusion a thread that runs through all of the activities of the setting

The legal framework for this policy is:

- The Equality Act 2006
- Disability Discrimination Act (DDA) 1995, 2005
- Race Relations Act 1976
- Race Relations Amendment Act 2000
- Sex Discrimination Act 1976,1986
- Children Act 1989, 2004
- Special Educational Needs and Disability Act 2014

Method

In order to meet our legal duties, promote equality and inclusion in our setting and value diversity we follow these procedures:

Admissions

- Our setting is open to all members of the community.
- We advertise our service widely.
- We reflect the diversity of members of our society in our publicity and promotional materials.
- We provide information in clear, concise language, whether in spoken or written form.
- We provide information in as many languages as possible.
- We base our admissions policy on a fair system.
- We ensure that all parents are made aware of our equality and diversity policy and all other relevant policies.
- We do not discriminate against a child or their family, or prevent entry to our setting, on the basis of colour, ethnicity, religion or social background, such as being a member of a Travelling community or an asylum seeker.
- We do not discriminate against disabled children. Consideration needs to be given to any
 reasonable adjustments required to include any child who may have a disability or special
 educational needs.
- We develop an action plan to ensure that all individuals can participate successfully in the services offered by the setting and in the curriculum offered.
- We take action against any discriminatory behaviour by staff or parents. Displaying of openly
 discriminatory and possibly offensive materials, name calling, or threatening behaviour are
 unacceptable on or around the premises and will be dealt with in the strongest manner.

Employment

Posts are advertised and all applicants are judged against criteria required.

Applicants are welcome from all backgrounds and cultures. Posts are open to all, subject to appropriate experience and qualifications.

We may use exemption clauses in relevant legislation to enable the service to best meet the needs of the community.

The applicant who best meets the criteria is offered the post, subject to references and checks by the DBS. This ensures fairness in the selection process.

All job descriptions include a commitment to valuing equality, inclusion and respecting diversity as part of their specifications.

We monitor our application process to ensure that it is fair and accessible.

Training

We seek out training opportunities for staff and volunteers to enable them to develop antidiscriminatory and inclusive practices, which enable all children to flourish.

We ensure that staff are confident and trained in administering relevant medicines and performing invasive care procedures.

We review our practices to ensure that we are fully implementing our policy for promoting equality, valuing diversity and inclusion.

Curriculum and environment

The curriculum offered in the setting encourages children to develop positive attitudes about themselves as well as to people who are different from themselves. It encourages children to empathise with others and to begin to develop the skills of critical thinking.

The environment is accessible for all visitors and service users. Reasonable adjustments have been made to accommodate the needs of disabled children and adults.

We do this by:

- making children feel valued and good about themselves
- making adjustments to the environment and resources to accommodate a wide range of learning, physical and sensory impairments
- making appropriate provision within the curriculum to ensure each child receives the widest possible opportunity to develop their skills and abilities; e.g. recognising the different learning styles of girls and boys
- positively reflecting the widest possible range of communities by enhancing the choice of resources
- avoiding stereotypes or derogatory images in the selection of books or other visual materials
- celebrating a wide range of festivals

- creating an environment of mutual respect and tolerance
- differentiating the curriculum to meet children's special educational needs
- helping children to understand that discriminatory behaviour and remarks are hurtful and unacceptable
- ensuring that children learning English as an additional language have full access to the curriculum and are supported in their learning
- ensuring that children speaking languages other than English are supported in the maintenance and development of their home languages

Valuing diversity in families

We welcome the diversity of family lifestyles and work with all families.

We encourage children to contribute stories of their everyday life to the setting.

We encourage parents/carers to take part in the life of the setting and to contribute fully.

For families who speak languages in addition to English, we will develop means to ensure their full inclusion.

Food

We work in partnership with parents to ensure that the medical, cultural and dietary needs of children are met.

We help children to learn about a range of food, and of cultural approaches to mealtimes and eating, and to respect the differences among them.

Monitoring and reviewing

To ensure our policy and procedures remain effective we follow the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) statutory guidance and review our policies annually to ensure our strategies meet the overall aims to promote equality, inclusion and valuing diversity.

We provide a complaints procedure.

Evacuation Procedure

In the event of a fire or emergency evacuation

Room Leaders/manager to implement/pick up phone

Babies

Use double pram and carry 1 = 3 babies

Pick up register

Do head count

Leave through their fire exit door in room

Toddlers/children

Assemble all at gate

Pick up register

Do head count

Head towards main entrance/exit

Staff to take travel cot out on way out of building

Assembly point

All assemble in the fenced garden area

Do head count – check with register of all staff and children

Use phone to call for help if needed

After event

Record in register and on wall

Fee payment Policy

What this policy covers:

- Deposit fees
- Methods of Paying Nursery Fees
- Non payment of fees and Arrears
- Fees during nursery closure or child absence
- Childcare Support/ Voucher Schemes

St Bees Little Learners Nursery understands the cost of childcare may seem expensive to parents / carers. However, providing a high quality, safe and stimulating service for children is not cheap. In order to ensure continued high standards and sustainability of the setting we ask parents and carers to comply with this policy in respect of the fees' payment.

We aim to help parents /carers to pay all fees due by offering an agreed payment system.

When you register your child the Manager will ask parents/ carers to confirm which payment option they will take and check to ensure they have understood it.

Fees will be detailed in the Parent/ Carer Pack and nursery leaflets which are available at your first visit (further copies are available on the nursery website).

Fees are payable only in advance, either weekly or calendar monthly.

Booking deposit Once you have been offered a place at the Nursery, you will be required to sign a Parent/Carer Contract and to pay a £50 Deposit to secure the place.

This deposit is held until the child starts with us and will be refunded on the first invoice.

Parents and Carers will be allocated one hour free settling in session, anything else will be charged at hourly rate.

Continued payment of fees when child is off due to illness. See parents contract.

Non payment of fees and Arrears

Should a parent/ carer have problems paying their child's fees on time they should communicate in confidence to the Kayleigh mailbox@stbeeslittlelearners.co.uk

Notice of Withdrawal If you wish to withdraw your child from the nursery, a minimum of 1months notice must be provided in writing to Kayleigh. You may do so also by sending an email to mailbox@stbeeslittlelearners.co.uk Failure to do so will result in an invoice being issued for the month.

Your child's first week attendance fees must be paid in advance before their first day of starting nursery. We accept the Direct Debit or Standing Order as the main ways of paying the fees. The Nursery Bank account details are in the Parents/ Carer Pack or can be obtained from the Nursery Manager.

Our bank details are:

HSBC

Sort Code - 40-46-26

Account Number 91462083

Payments by Cheque/ Cash will only be accepted temporarily and in limited circumstances. Parents/ carers must place cheques / cash in an envelope and hand to staff member and write their child's name, date, DOB, and enclosed amount on each envelope deposited. Cheques should be made payable to: St Bees Little Learners Nursery

Feedback

The Nursery welcomes feedback from parents/guardians. This can be given via our comments books which are placed in the boot room, verbally to any member of staff or alternatively if you prefer you can email Kayleigh on Kayleigh@stbeeslittlelearners.co.uk

Questionnaires will be sent out to parents/guardians with the child's completed 6 week progress check, then once a year and upon child leaving. Any issues or areas to be further developed are reflected upon and if found to be necessary, changed will be made with immediate effect. This information will feed into our Self Evaluation Form.

Staff meetings are held regularly. The aim of these meetings are to monitor the standards of the Nursery, to reflect upon the Nursery policies and procedures and to discuss and additional staff training which could enhance the provision we provide.

Fire evacuation procedure

What to do in the event of fire will form a part of the introduction/induction of new members of staff to the Nursery.

On discovering a fire / or the fire alarm sounding, evacuate the building from the nearest fire door:

- A) Main Entrance door and assemble outside gate next to Management Centre or
- B) Staff entrance door and assemble outside the Management Centre.
- C) Outdoor area door and assemble outside of gate

Only tackle small fires yourself using the appropriate fire appliances and where there is no risk to yourself.

The Manager or one of the Senior Staff, will telephone the fire brigade if necessary.

On evacuating the building act calmly and quietly to avoid alarming / scaring the children. Take care on the stairs, do not rush the children which may result in accidents, provide reassurance and do not use the lift.

The Senior Staff in charge of each room must take the register with them.

The Manager will help in the babies room taking babies out of the building.

Do not enter the building until informed it is safe to do so by the Manager, Senior Staff or Fire Brigade.

Once the children are in the assembly points Senior Staff of each room must take a quick register to ensure that all the children are together in the safe point.

Once all the staff / children have vacated the building, a register must be taken for each group room by the fire wardens.

We ensure our premises present no risk of fire by ensuring the heighest possible standards of fire precautions. All staff are familiar with the current legal requirements Where necessary we seek the advice of a competent person, such as our Fire Officer.

We follow the guidance from the Government Fire Safety Risk Assessment Educational Premises (HMG 2006)

A Fire safety risk assessment has been carried out on the premises

Fire doors are marked clearly and never obstructed

Smoke detectors/alarms and equipment all conform to the BS EN standards and are fitted and checked regularly by St Bees School Team

Records of fire drills are kept

First aid Policy

Policy statement

At St Bees Little Learners Nursery, staff are able to take action to apply first aid treatment in the event

of an accident involving a child or adult. At least one member of staff with a current first aid certificate

is on the premises, or on an outing at any one time. The first aid qualification includes first aid training

for infants and young children.

Procedures

The first aid kit

Our first aid kit is accessible at all times, complies with the Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations

1981

The first aid box is easily accessible to adults and is kept out of the reach of children.

No un-prescribed medication is given to children, parents or staff.

At the time of each child's admission to the setting, parents' written permission for obtaining

emergency medical advice or treatment is sought. Parents sign and date their written approval.

Parents sign a consent form at registration allowing staff to take their child to the nearest Accident

and Emergency unit to be examined, treated or admitted as necessary on the understanding that

parents have been informed and are on their way to the hospital.

Legal framework

Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations (1981)

Further guidance

First Aid at Work: Your questions answered (HSE Revised 2009)

Basic Advice on First Aid at Work (HSE Revised 2008)

Guidance on First Aid for Schools (DfEE)

Food and Drink Policy

Snack and meal times are an important part of the nursery day. Eating represents a social time for children and adults and helps children to learn about healthy eating. We are a nut free nursery

This includes talking about dental hygiene.

The children will be provided with 1/3 pint of milk, or water if preferred. Children are able to access drinking water throughout the day.

Formula bottles must be prepared and brought in.

The nursery will provide milk at morning and afternoon snack – we aim to promote healthy eating. The nursery endeavours to meet with every child's individual dietary needs.

If you child is at the nursery at 12.00 they will require a packed lunch. We highly recommend healthy foods. Please no sweets or chocolate bars (chocolate related items). If you would like to advice or suggestions regarding the lunch you provide for your child please speak to a member of staff.

If your child is in the nursery later than 4.30pm you are welcome to provide them with a 'finger food' tea.

A water bottle/beaker with your child's name on should be brought in with your child daily, this can be refilled during the day.

It's important that foods are transported as safely as possible to Nursery. On arrival foods are placed in the storage shelves in the individual child's space, we recommend you add a cool block to the lunch bag. Anything labelled for tea will be placed in the fridge.

For babies less than 1, milk must be labelled and can be put directly into the nursery refrigerator. Children over 2 must bring cold food for lunch, under 2s can bring hot or cold food which can be heated if needed.

If child has allergies please ensure this is stated on his registration form.

Health and Safety Policy

Policy statement

This setting believes that the health and safety of children is of paramount importance. We make our setting a safe and healthy place for children, parents, staff and volunteers by assessing and minimising the hazards and risks to enable the children to thrive in a healthy and safe environment.

The basis of this policy is risk assessment. Pre-School Learning Alliance risk assessment processes follow five steps as follows:

- Identification of risk: Where is it and what is it?
- Who is at risk: Childcare staff, children, parents, cooks, cleaners etc?
- Assessment as to the level of risk as high, medium, low. This is both the risk of the likelihood
 of it happening, as well as the possible impact if it did.
- Control measures to reduce/eliminate risk: What will you do, or ensure others will do, in order to reduce that risk?
- Monitoring and review: How do you know if what you have said is working, or is thorough enough? If it is not working, it will need to be amended, or maybe there is a better solution.

Methods

The member of staff responsible for health and safety is Kayleigh Robertson. She is competent to carry out these responsibilities and has undertaken health and safety training and regularly updates her knowledge and understanding. We display the necessary health and safety poster in the staff room.

Risk assessment

Our risk assessment process includes:

- Checking for hazards and risks indoors and outside, and in our activities and procedures. Our assessment covers adults and children;
- Assessing the level of risk and who might be affected.
- · Deciding which areas need attention; and
- Developing an action plan that specifies the action required, the timescales for action, the person responsible for the action and any funding required.

We maintain lists of health and safety issues, which are checked:

- · daily before the session begins
- weekly

Insurance cover

We have public liability insurance and employers' liability insurance. The certificate for public liability insurance is displayed on the notice board by the entrance door. We are insured with Royal Sun Alliance.

Awareness raising

Our induction training for staff and volunteers includes a clear explanation of health and safety issues so that all adults are able to adhere to our policy and understand their shared responsibility for health and safety. The induction training covers matters of employee well-being, including safe lifting and the storage of potentially dangerous substances.

Records are kept of these induction training sessions and new staff and volunteers are asked to sign the records to confirm that they have taken part.

Health and safety issues are explained to the parents of new children so that they understand the part played by these issues in the daily life of the setting.

As necessary, health and safety training is included in the annual training plans of staff, and health and safety is discussed regularly at staff meetings.

We have a no smoking policy. Which includes no vaping.

Children are made aware of health and safety issues through discussions, planned activities and routines.

Children's safety

We ensure all staff employed have been checked for criminal records by an enhanced disclosure from the DBS.

Adults do not normally supervise children on their own.

All children are supervised by adults at all times.

Whenever children are on the premises at least two adults must be present.

Security

Systems are in place for the safe arrival and departure of children. The times of the children's arrivals and departures are recorded.

The arrival and departure times of adults - staff, volunteers and visitors - are recorded.

Our systems prevent unauthorised access to our premises.

Our systems prevent children from leaving our premises unnoticed.

The personal possessions of staff and volunteers are securely stored during sessions.

Windows

Low level windows are made from materials that prevent accidental breakage or are made safe. Windows are protected from accidental breakage or vandalism from people outside the building. Windows above the ground floor are secured so that children cannot climb through them.

Doors

We take precautions to prevent children's fingers from being trapped in doors.

Floors

All surfaces are checked daily to ensure they are clean and not uneven or damaged.

Kitchen

There are separate facilities for hand-washing and for washing up.

Cleaning materials and other dangerous materials are stored out of children's reach.

When children take part in cooking activities, they:

Are supervised at all times;

Are kept away from hot surfaces and hot water; an

Do not have unsupervised access to electrical equipment.

Electrical/gas equipment

All electrical/gas equipment conforms to safety requirements and is checked regularly.

Our boiler/electrical switchgear/meter cupboard is not accessible to the children.

Fires, heaters, electric sockets, wires and leads are properly guarded and the children are taught not to touch them.

There are sufficient sockets to prevent overloading.

The temperature of hot water is controlled to prevent scalds.

Lighting and ventilation is adequate in all areas including storage areas.

Storage

All resources and materials from which children select are stored safely.

All equipment and resources are stored or stacked safely to prevent them accidentally falling or collapsing.

Outdoor area

Our outdoor area is securely fenced.

Our outdoor area is checked for safety and cleared of rubbish before it is used.

Adults and children are alerted to the dangers of poisonous plants, herbicides and pesticides.

Our outdoor sand pit is covered when not in use and is cleaned regularly.

All outdoor activities are supervised at all times.

Hygiene

We regularly seek information from the Environmental Health Department and the Health Authority to ensure that we keep up to date with the latest recommendations.

Our daily routines encourage the children to learn about personal hygiene.

We have a daily cleaning routine for the setting which includes play room(s), kitchen, rest area, toilets.

We have a schedule for cleaning resources and equipment, dressing-up clothes and furnishings.

The toilet area has a high standard of hygiene including hand washing and drying facilities.

We implement good hygiene practices by:

- Cleaning tables between activities;
- Checking toilets regularly;
- Wearing protective clothing such as aprons and disposable gloves as appropriate;
- Providing sets of clean clothes;
- · Providing tissues and wipes; and
- Ensuring sole use of flannels and towels.

Activities

Before purchase or loan, equipment and resources are checked to ensure that they are safe for the ages and stages of the children currently attending the setting.

The layout of play equipment allows adults and children to move safely and freely between activities.

All equipment is regularly checked for cleanliness and safety and any dangerous items are repaired or discarded.

All materials - including paint and glue - are non-toxic.

Sand is clean and suitable for children's play.

Physical play is constantly supervised.

Children are taught to handle and store tools safely.

Children who are sleeping are checked regularly.

Children learn about health, safety and personal hygiene through the activities we provide and the routines we follow.

Food and drink

Staff who prepare and handle food receive appropriate training and understand - and comply with - food safety and hygiene regulations.

All food and drink is stored appropriately.

Adults do not carry hot drinks through the play area(s) and do not place hot drinks within reach of children.

Snack and meal times are appropriately supervised and children do not walk about with food and drinks.

Fresh drinking water is available to the children at all times.

We operate systems to ensure that children do not have access to food/drinks to which they are allergic.

Outings and visits

We have agreed procedures for the safe conduct of outings.

Parents sign a general consent on registration for their children to be taken out as a part of the daily activities of the setting.

Parents always sign consent forms before major outings.

A risk assessment is carried out before an outing takes place.

Named children are assigned to individual staff to ensure each child is individually supervised and to ensure no child gets lost and that there is no unauthorised access to children.

Staff take a mobile phone on outings, and supplies of tissues, wipes, pants etc. as well as a mini first aid pack, a snack and water. The amount of equipment will vary and be consistent with the venue and the number of children as well as how long they will be out for.

Records are kept of the vehicles used to transport children, with named drivers and appropriate insurance cover.

Missing child

If a child goes missing from the setting

The person in charge will carry out a thorough search of the building and garden.

The register is checked to make sure no other child has also gone astray.

Doors and gates are checked to see if there has been a breach of security whereby a child could wander out.

Person in charge talks to staff to establish what happened

If the child is not found the parent is contacted and the missing child is reported to the police.

If a child goes missing from an outing where parents are not attending and responsible for their own child, the setting ensures that there is a procedure that is followed.

As soon as it is noticed that a child is missing, staff on the outing ask children to stand with their designated person and carry out a headcount to ensure that no other child has gone astray. One staff searches the immediate vicinity but does not search beyond that.

The person in charge is informed, if s/he is not on the outing and makes his/her way to the venue to aid the search and be the point of contact for the police as well as support staff.

Staff take the remaining children back to the setting.

The person in charge of the setting contacts the child's parent who makes their way to the setting or outing venue as agreed with the person in charge.

The staff contact the police using the mobile phone and report the child as missing.

In an indoor venue, the staff contact the venue's security who will handle the search and contact the police if the child is not found.

The person in charge contacts the chairperson of the management committee who comes down to the setting as soon as possible.

The investigation

The manager carries out a full investigation taking written statements from all the staff present at the time, or who were on the outing.

The key person/ staff writes an incident report detailing:

- The date and time of the report;
- What staff/ children were in the group/outing;
- When the child was last seen in the group/outing;
- What has taken place in the group/outing since then; and
- The time it is estimated that the child went missing.
- A conclusion is drawn as to how the breach of security happened.
- If the incident warrants a police investigation all staff co-operate fully. In this case, the police
 will handle all aspects of the investigation, including interviewing staff. Social Services may
 be involved if it seems likely that there is a child protection issue to address.
- The incident is reported under RIDDOR arrangements and is recorded in the incident book;
 the local authority health and safety officer may want to investigate and will decide if there is a case for prosecution.
- OFSTED is informed.
- The Insurance Department at the Pre-School Learning Alliance is informed.

Animals

Animals visiting the setting are free from disease and safe to be with children, and do not pose a health risk.

Our setting's pets are free from disease, safe to be with children, and do not pose a health risk. Children wash their hands after contact with animals.

Outdoor footwear worn to visit farms are cleaned of mud and debris and should not be worn indoors.

We carry out a risk assessment with a knowledgeable person accounting for any hygiene or safety risks posed by the animals or creature.

Children are taught correct handling and care of the animal or creature and are supervised. We ensure the correct food is offered at the right times.

If animals or creatures are brought in by visitors to show the children they are the responsibility of the owner.

Fire safety

Fire doors are clearly marked, never obstructed and easily opened from inside.

Smoke detectors/alarms and fire fighting appliances conform to BSEN standards, are fitted in appropriate high risk areas of the building and are checked as specified by the manufacturer.

Our emergency evacuation procedures are approved by the Fire Safety Officer and are:

- clearly displayed in the premises;
- explained to new members of staff, volunteers and parents; and
- practised regularly at least once every six weeks.
- records are kept of fire drills and the servicing of fire safety equipment.

First aid and medication

At least one member of staff with current first aid training is on the premises or on an outing at any one time. The first aid qualification includes first aid training for infants and young children.

Our first aid kit:

• Complies with the Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981;

is regularly checked by a designated member of staff and re-stocked as necessary;

Is easily accessible to adults; and

· Is kept out of the reach of children.

At the time of admission to the setting, parents' written permission for emergency medical advice or treatment is sought. Parents sign and date their written approval.

Parents sign a consent form at registration allowing staff to take their child to the nearest Accident and Emergency unit to be examined, treated or admitted as necessary on the understanding that parents have been informed and are on their way to the hospital.

Our accident book

· Is kept safely and accessibly;

• All staff and volunteers know where it is kept and how to complete it; and

• Is reviewed at least half termly to identify any potential or actual hazards.

Ofsted is notified of any injury requiring treatment by a general practitioner or hospital doctor, or the death of a child or adult.

When there is any injury requiring general practitioner or hospital treatment to a child, parent, volunteer or visitor or where there is a death of a child or adult on the premises, we make a report to the Health and Safety Executive using the format for the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences.

Dealing with incidents

We meet our legal requirements for the safety of our employees by complying with RIDDOR (the Reporting of Injury, Disease and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations). We report to the Health and Safety Executive:

Any accident to a member of staff requiring treatment by a general practitioner or hospital;
 and

- Any dangerous occurrences. This may be an event that causes injury or fatalities or an event that does not cause an accident but could have done, such as a gas leak.
- Any dangerous occurrence is recorded in our Incident Book. See below.

Our incident book

We keep an incident book for recording incidents including those that that are reportable to the Health and Safety Executive as above.

These incidents include:

- Break in, burglary, theft of personal or the setting's property;
- Fire, flood, gas leak or electrical failure;
- Attack on member of staff or parent on the premises or near by;
- Any racist incident involving a staff or family on the centre's premises;
- · Death of a child, and
- A terrorist attack, or threat of one.

In the incident book we record the date and time of the incident, nature of the event, who was affected, what was done about it - or if it was reported to the police, and if so a crime number. Any follow up, or insurance claim made, should also be recorded.

In the unlikely even of a terrorist attack we follow the advice of the emergency services with regard to evacuation, medical aid and contacting children's families. Our standard Fire Safety Policy will be followed and staff will take charge of their key children. The incident is recorded when the threat is averted.

In the unlikely even of a child dying on the premises, for example, through cot death in the case of a baby, or any other means involving an older child, the emergency services are called, and the advice of these services are followed.

The incident book is not for recording issues of concern involving a child. This is recorded in the child's own file.

Sickness

Our policy for the exclusion of ill or infectious children is discussed with parents. This includes procedures for contacting parents - or other authorised adults - if a child becomes ill while in the setting.

We do not provide care for children, who are unwell, have a temperature, or sickness and diarrhoea, or who have an infectious disease.

Children with headlice are not excluded, but must be treated to remedy the condition.

Parents are notified if there is a case of headlice in the setting.

Parents are notified if there is an infectious disease, such as chicken pox.

HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus) may affect children or families attending the setting. Staff may or may not be informed about it.

Children or families are not excluded because of HIV.

Good hygiene practice concerning the clearing of any spilled bodily fluids is carried out at all times.

Staff suffering from sickness and diarrhoea do not handle food.

Ofsted is notified of any infectious diseases that a qualified medical person considers notifiable.

Safety of adults

Adults are provided with guidance about the safe storage, movement, lifting and erection of large pieces of equipment.

When adults need to reach up to store equipment or to change light bulbs they are provided with safe equipment to do so.

All warning signs are clear and in appropriate languages.

Adults do not remain in the building on their own or leave on their own after dark.

The sickness of staff and their involvement in accidents is recorded. The records are reviewed termly to identify any issues that need to be addressed.

Records

In accordance with the National Standards for Day Care, we keep records of:

Adults

- Names and addresses of all staff on the premises, including temporary staff who work with the children or who have substantial access to them;
- Names and addresses of the owners or of all members of the management committee;
- All records relating to the staff's employment with the setting, including application forms, references, results of checks undertaken etc.

Children

- Names, addresses and telephone numbers of parents and adults authorised to collect children from setting;
- The names, addresses and telephone numbers of emergency contacts in case of children's illness or accident;
- The allergies, dietary requirements and illnesses of individual children;
- The times of attendance of children, staff, volunteers and visitors;
- Accidents and medicine administration records;
- Consents for outings, administration of medication, emergency treatment; and
- Incidents.

Change to premises

Ofsted will be notified of any change in the address to the premises which may affect the space available to children and the quality of the childcare available to them.

In addition, the following procedures and documentation in relation to health and safety are in place:

- Risk assessment.
- Record of visitors.
- Fire safety procedures.
- · Fire safety records and certificates.
- Operational procedures for outings.
- Administration of medication.
- Prior parental consent to administer medicine.
- · Record of the administration of medicines.
- Prior parental consent for emergency treatment.
- Accident record.
- Sick children.
- No smoking.

Information sharing

'Practitioners need to understand their organisation's position and commitment to information sharing. They need to have confidence in the continued support of their organisation where they have used their professional judgement and shared information professionally.'

Information Sharing: Guidance for Practitioners and Managers (DCSF 2008).

Policy statement

At St Bees Little Learners Nursery we recognise that parents have a right to know that the information they share with us will be regarded as confidential, as well as to be informed about the circumstances when, and the reasons why, we are obliged to share information.

We are obliged to share confidential information without authorisation from the person who provided it, or to whom it relates, if it is in the public interest. That is when:

- it is to prevent a crime from being committed or to intervene where one may have been, or to prevent harm to a child or adult; or
- not sharing it could be worse than the outcome of having shared it.

The decision should never be made as an individual, but with the back-up of the management team. The three critical criteria are:

- Where there is evidence that the child is suffering, or is at risk of suffering, significant harm.
- Where there is reasonable cause to believe that a child may be suffering, or is at risk of suffering, significant harm.
- To prevent significant harm arising to children and young people or adults, including the prevention, detection and prosecution of serious crime.

Procedures

Our procedure is based on the seven golden rules for information sharing as set out in Information Sharing: Guidance for Practitioners and Managers (DCSF 2008).

Remember that the Data Protection Act is not a barrier to sharing information but provides a framework to ensure that personal information about living persons is shared appropriately.

Our policy and procedures on Information Sharing provide guidance to appropriate sharing of

information with external agencies.

Be open and honest with the person (and/or their family where appropriate) from the outset about why, what, how and with whom information will, or could, be shared, and seek their agreement, unless it is unsafe or inappropriate to do so.

At St Bees Little Learners Nursery we ensure parents:

- receive information about our Information Sharing Policy when starting their child in the setting
 and that they sign our Registration Form to say that they understand the circumstances in
 which information may be shared without their consent. This will only be when it is a matter of
 safeguarding a child or vulnerable adult;
- have information about our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy; and
- have information about the other circumstances when information will be shared with external agencies, for example, with regard to any special needs the child may have or transition to school.

Seek advice if you are in any doubt, without disclosing the identity of the person where possible.

Managers contact children's social care for advice where they have doubts or are unsure.

Share with consent where appropriate and, where possible, respect the wishes of those who do not consent to share confidential information. You may still share information without consent if, in your judgement, that lack of consent can be overridden in the public interest. You will need to base your judgement on the facts of the case.

Guidelines for consent are part of this procedure.

Consider safety and well-being: Base your information sharing decisions on considerations of the safety and well-being of the person and others who may be affected by their actions.

At St Bees Little Learners Nursery we:

- record concerns and discuss these with the setting's designated person for child protection matters
- record decisions made and the reasons why information will be shared and to whom; and
- follow the procedures for reporting concerns and record keeping.

Necessary, proportionate, relevant, accurate, timely and secure: Ensure that the information you share is necessary for the purpose for which you are sharing it, is shared only with those people who need to have it, is accurate and up-to-date, is shared in a timely fashion, and is shared securely.

Our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy and Children's Records Policy set out how and where information should be recorded and what information should be shared with another agency when making a referral.

Keep a record of your decision and the reasons for it – whether it is to share information or not. If you decide to share, then record what you have shared, with whom and for what purpose.

Where information is shared, the reasons for doing so are recorded in the child's file; where it is decided that information is not to be shared that is recorded too.

Consent

Parents have a right to be informed that their consent to share information will be sought in most cases, as well as the kinds of circumstances when their consent may not be sought, or their refusal to give consent may be overridden. We do this as follows:

- Our policies and procedures set out our responsibility regarding gaining consent to share information and when it may not be sought or overridden.
- We may cover this verbally when the child starts or include this in our prospectus.
- Parents sign our Registration Form at registration to say they understand this.
- Parents are asked to give written consent to share information about any additional needs their child may have, or to pass on child development summaries to the next provider/school.
- Copies are given to parents of the forms they sign.

We consider the following questions when we need to share:

- Is there legitimate purpose to sharing the information?
- Does the information enable the person to be identified?
- Is the information confidential?
- If the information is confidential, do we have consent to share?
- Is there a statutory duty or court order requiring us to share the information?
- If consent is refused, or there are good reasons not to seek consent, is there sufficient public interest for us to share information?
- If the decision is to share, are we sharing the right information in the right way?

- Have we properly recorded our decision?
- All the undertakings above are subject to the paramount commitment of the setting, which is to the safety and well-being of the child. Please also see our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy.

Legal framework

Data Protection Act (1998) Human Rights Act (1998) Further guidance

Information Sharing: Guidance for Practitioners and Managers (DCSF 2008)

The role of the key person and settling-in Policy

Policy statement

At St Bees Little Learners Nursery we believe that children settle best when they have a key person to relate to, who knows them and their parents well, and who can meet their individual needs. Research shows that a key person approach benefits the child, the parents, the staff and the setting by providing secure relationships in which children thrive, parents have confidence, staff are committed and the setting is a happy and dedicated place to attend or work in.

We want children to feel safe, stimulated and happy in the setting and to feel secure and comfortable with staff. We also want parents to have confidence in both their children's well-being and their role as active partners with the setting.

We aim to make the setting a welcoming place where children settle quickly and easily because consideration has been given to the individual needs and circumstances of children and their families.

The key person role is set out in the Safeguarding and Welfare Requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage. Each setting must assign a key person for each child.

The procedures set out a model for developing a key person approach that promotes effective and positive relationships for children who are in settings.

Procedures

We allocate a key person before the child starts.

The key person is responsible for the induction of the family and for settling the child into our setting. The key person offers unconditional regard for the child and is non-judgemental.

The key person works with the parents to plan and deliver a personalised plan for the child's well-being, care and learning.

The key person acts as the key contact for the parents and has links with other carers involved with the child, such as a childminder, and co-ordinates the sharing of appropriate information about the child's development with those carers. The key person is responsible for developmental records and for sharing information on a regular basis with the child's parents to keep those records up-to-date, reflecting the full picture of the child in our setting and at home.

The key person encourages positive relationships between children in her/his key group, spending time with them as a group each day.

We provide a back-up key person so the child and the parents have a key contact in the absence of the child's key person.

We promote the role of the key person as the child's primary carer in our setting, and as the basis for establishing relationships with other staff and children.

Settling-in

Before a child starts to attend the setting, we use a variety of ways to provide his/her parents with information. These include written information (including our prospectus and policies), displays about activities available within the setting, information days and evenings and individual meetings with parents.

During the weeks before a child is enrolled, we provide opportunities for the child and his/her parents to visit the setting.

We allocate a key person to each child and his/her family before she/he starts to attend; the key person welcomes and looks after the child and his/her parents at the child's first session and during the settling-in process.

We use pre-start visits and the first session at which a child attends to explain and complete, with his/her parents, the child's registration records.

When a child starts to attend, we explain the process of settling-in with his/her parents and jointly decide on the best way to help the child to settle into the setting.

We judge a child to be settled when they have formed a relationship with their key person; for example, the child looks for the key person when he/she arrives, goes to them for comfort, and seems pleased to be with them. The child is also familiar with where things are and is pleased to see other children and participate in activities.

When parents leave, we ask them to say goodbye to their child and explain that they will be coming back, and when.

We recognise that some children will settle more readily than others, but that some children who appear to settle rapidly are not ready to be left.

We reserve the right not to accept a child into the setting without a parent or carer if the child finds it distressing to be left. This is especially the case with very young children.

Within the first four to six weeks of starting, we discuss and work with the child's parents to begin to create their child's record of achievement.

The progress check at age two

The key person carries out the progress check at age two in accordance with any local procedures that are in place and referring to the guidance A Know How Guide: The progress check at age two.

The progress check aims to review the child's development and ensures that parents have a clear picture of their child's development.

Within the progress check, the key person will note areas where the child is progressing well and identify areas where progress is less than expected.

The progress check will describe the actions that will be taken by the setting to address any developmental concerns (including working with other professionals where appropriate) as agreed with the parent(s).

The key person will plan activities to meet the child's needs within the setting and will support parents to understand the child's needs in order to enhance their development at home.

Lockdown Procedure

Room leaders/managers to implement

All babies/children/adults to go into own cloakrooms

Close/lock all doors

DO head count and check register

Close blinds and switch off lights

Keep children calm – sing songs rhymes/stories

Use phone to call for help

Use walkie talkies to communicate

After event

Record in register and on wall

Contact parents if needed

Manual Handling Policy

As it is not possible to eliminate manual handling altogether, correct handling techniques must be followed to minimise the risks of injury. A variety of injuries may result from poor manual handling and staff must all be aware and adhere to the nursery's manual handling policy.

Preventing injuries

As with other health and safety issues, the most effective method of prevention is to eliminate the hazard – in this case, to remove the need to carry out hazardous manual handling.

Where manual-handling tasks cannot be avoided, they must be assessed as part of the risk assessment. This involves examining the tasks and deciding what the risks associated with them are, and how these can be removed or reduced by adding control measures.

Correct lifting procedure

Planning and procedure

- think about the task to be performed and plan the lift
- consider what you will be lifting, where you will put it, how far you are going to move it and how you are going to get there
- never attempt manual handling unless you have read the correct techniques and understood how to use them
- ensure that you are capable of undertaking the task people with health problems and pregnant women may be particularly at risk of injury
- assess the size, weight and centre of gravity of the load to make sure that you can maintain a firm grip and see where you are going
- remove any unnecessary packaging, if this will make the task safer
- reduce the size and weight of loads to make handling easier. This could involve suppliers
 packing items into smaller consignments before delivery or unpacking packages before
 moving them
- assess whether you can lift the load safely without help. If not, get help or use specialist
 moving equipment e.g. a trolley. Bear in mind that it may be too dangerous to attempt to lift
 some loads
- if more than one person is involved, plan the lift first and agree who will lead and give instructions

- plan your route and remove any obstructions. Check for any hazards such as uneven/slippery flooring
- lighting should be adequate
- control harmful loads for instance, by covering sharp edges or by insulating hot containers
- · avoid lifting unsafe loads, such as damaged glass or badly packed chemicals
- check whether you need any personal protective equipment (PPE) and obtain the necessary items, if appropriate. Check the equipment before use and check that it fits you
- ensure that you are wearing the correct clothing g, avoiding tight clothing and unsuitable footwear consider a resting point before moving a heavy load or carrying something any distance.

Position

- stand in front of the load with your feet apart and your leading leg forward. Your weight should be even over both feet.
- Position yourself (or turn the load around) so that the heaviest part is next to you. If the load
 is too far away, move toward it or bring it nearer before starting the lift. Do not twist your body
 to pick it up.

Lifting

Always lift using the correct posture:

- bend the knees slowly, keeping the back straight
- tuck the chin in on the way down
- lean slightly forward if necessary and get a good grip
- · keep the shoulders level, without twisting or turning from the hips
- try to grip with the hands around the base of the load
- bring the load to waist height, keeping the lift as smooth as possible.

Moving the load

- move the feet, keeping the load close to the body
- proceed carefully, making sure that you can see where you are going
- lower the load, reversing the procedure for lifting
- avoid crushing fingers or toes as you put the load down
- position and secure the load after putting it down. Make sure that it is rested on a stable base
- report any problems immediately, for example, strains and sprains.

Where there are changes, for example to the activity or the load, the task must be reassessed.

The task

- carry loads close to the body, lifting and carrying the load at arm's length increases the risk of injury
- avoid awkward movements such as stooping, reaching or twisting ensure that the task is well designed and that procedures are followed
- try never to lift from the floor or to above should height. Limit the distances for carrying
- minimise repetitive actions by re-designing and rotating tasks
- ensure that there are adequate rest periods and breaks between tasks
- plan ahead use teamwork where the load is too heavy for one person.

The environment

- ensure that the surroundings are safe. Flooring should be even and not slippery, lighting should be adequate, and the temperature and humidity should be suitable
- remove obstructions and ensure that the correct equipment is available.

The individual

- never attempt manual handling unless you have been trained and given permission to do so
- ensure that you are capable of undertaking the task people with health problems and pregnant women may be particularly at risk of injury.

Lifting children

- remember lifting children is not the same as lifting an object. Children move.
- use the above techniques when manoeuvring children, e.g. to change a child's nappy, but remember to take into account that the child may struggle or wriggle whilst on the move. If this happens- stop, place the child back down and start again after using reassuring words to calm the child.
- encourage the child to hold onto you were possible, this will support you and the child when lifting

Medication and Illness Policy and Procedure

We promote the good health of children attending nursery and take necessary steps to prevent the spread of infection. If a child requires medicine we will obtain information about the child's needs for this, and will ensure this information is kept up-to-date.

When dealing with medication of any kind in the nursery, strict guidelines will be followed.

Prescription medication

Any child who has been given medication from a doctor will be expected to have received the first dose at least 24 hours before they come in to nursery, this is to ensure the child does not have any allergic reaction from the medication.

Prescription medicine will only be given to the person named on the bottle for the dosage stated

Medicines must be in their original containers

Those with parental responsibility of any child requiring prescription medication should allow a senior member of staff to have sight of the bottle. The staff member should note the details of the administration on the appropriate form and another member of staff should check these details

Those with parental responsibility must give prior written permission for the administration of each and every medication. However we will accept written permission once for a whole course of medication or for the ongoing use of a particular medication under the following circumstances:

- The written permission is only acceptable for that brand name of medication and cannot be used for similar types of medication, e.g. if the course of antibiotics changes, a new form will need to be completed
- The dosage on the written permission is the only dosage that will be administered. We will not give a different dose unless a new form is completed
- Parents should notify us IMMEDIATELY if the child's circumstances change, e.g. a dose has been given at home, or a change in strength/dose needs to be given.

The nursery will not administer a dosage that exceeds the recommended dose on the instructions unless accompanied by a doctor's letter

The parent must be asked when the child had last been given the medication before coming to nursery; this information will be recorded on the medication form. Similarly when the child is picked up, the parent or guardian must be given precise details of the times and dosage given throughout the day. The parent's signature must be obtained at both times

At the time of administering the medicine, a senior member of staff will ask the child to take the medicine, or offer it in a manner acceptable to the child at the prescribed time and in the prescribed form.

Non-prescription medication

Over-the-counter medicine such as pain and fever-relief and teething gel may be administered. However, the same procedures must be followed regarding documenting the dosage to be given and when its administered.

The nursery will administer non-prescription medication for a short initial period, dependant on the medication or the condition of the child. After this time medical attention should be sought

If a child needs liquid paracetamol or similar medication during their time at nursery, such medication will need to be provided by the parent/carer and not stored within the setting for longer than required by the child.

(medicines containing aspirin will only be given if prescribed by a doctor) – staff will check non – prescribed medication to ensure it does not contain aspirin

Giving liquid paracetamol will be a last resort and the nursery staff will use other methods first to try and reduce a child's temperature, e.g. remove clothing, fanning, tepid cooling with a wet flannel. The child will be closely monitored until the parents collect the child

For any non-prescription cream for skin conditions e.g. Sudocrem, prior written permission must be obtained from the parent and the onus is on the parent to provide the cream which should be clearly labelled with the child's name

If any child is brought to the nursery in a condition in which he/she may require medication sometime during the day, the manager will decide if the child is fit to be left at the nursery. If the child is staying, the parent must be asked if any kind of medication has already been given, at what time and in what dosage and this must be stated on the medication form

As with any kind of medication, staff will ensure that the parent is informed of any non-prescription medicines given to the child whilst at the nursery, together with the times and dosage given

The nursery DOES NOT administer any medication unless prior written consent is given for each and every medicine

In the case of medication that may need to be given to a child due to them becoming ill during the day, e.g. liquid paracetamol for temperature reduction, parents will be contacted before any medication is administered.

Injections, pessaries, suppositories

As the administration of injections, pessaries and suppositories represents intrusive nursing, they should not be administered by any member of staff unless appropriate medical training is given to each member of staff caring for this child. This training would be specific for each child and not generic.

Staff medication

Staff medication on the premises must be securely stored in their locked locker, if the medication needs to be refrigerated them it must be stored in the lockable fridge box Staff must inform their manager if they are bringing any medicine on to the premises and ensure that it doesn't impair their ability work.

Providers must ensure that those practitioners taking medication medical advice confirms that the medication is unlikely to impair that staff member's ability to look after children properly. (3.17 EYFS 2014)

Storage

All medication for children must have the child's name clearly written on the original container and kept in a closed box, which is out of reach of all children and under supervision at all times.

Emergency medication, such as inhalers and epipens, will be within easy reach of staff in case of an immediate need, but will remain out of children's reach and under supervision at all times. Epi-pens must be stored in a sealed box clearly labelled with the child's name. These must be checked and replenished wen necessary.

Any antibiotics requiring refrigeration must be kept in an area inaccessible to children.

Medication MUST NOT be stored in children's bags.

All medications must be in their original containers, legible and not tampered with or they will not be given. All prescription medications should have the pharmacist's details and notes attached to show the dosage needed and the date the prescription was issued. This will all be checked, along with expiry dates, before staff agree to administer medication.

Administration

Prior to administering medication the child's parent/carer must complete the medication form with a member of staff (see above section). The staff member must sign to state they have discussed this with the parent/carer and attach a photograph of the child to the medication form. The child's initials and time the medication is required should be recorded on a white board in the room. The medication is to be stored correctly (see above section).

Medicine will only be administered to children by a first aid trained senior member of staff. Another member of staff must witness this taking place. Both staff are required to check the details on the medication form and sign the form stating the medication was administered.

The nursery will allow children to self-administer inhalers if felt by the staff and parent/carer that the child is competent to do so. However, the medication will still need to be stored out or reach of children.

All medication records are stored within the classroom whilst the medication is running and then filed confidentiality.

If at any point during the course of medication staff administer the treatment incorrectly the parents will be telephoned immediately and the management will take appropriate measures, this could be either calling a local GP, NHS direct or taking the child in to hospital.

Illness

Parents must inform the nursery if any child attending the nursery is admitted to hospital for any reason the nursery must then inform Ofsted.

There may be occasions when these exclusion times are extended due to regional outbreaks of contagious illnesses.

If your child is sent home by the nursery staff your fees for that session are still payable. If a child is off sick for any reason fees are still payable.

Measures for High Temperature

If you suspect a child has a temperature the following steps must be followed:

Take child's temperature using the thermometer.

Record the child's temperature on a monitoring form

Record comment's that shows what measures have been done to help reduce temp.

Take layers of clothing off to help reduce temperature Give the child some water to drink

Call the Parent and record time of call on the monitoring sheet

Ask the parent to collect the child

Comfort the child if upset (however try not to cuddle them for too long as your body heat will add to temperature)

Record and monitor every 10 minutes

If continues to rise call parent again to see how long before collection

If you are unable to bring the temperature down and it continues to rise, and you cannot contact the parent/carers contact other named persons on the child's registration pack

If a child refuses to take medicine, staff will make every attempt to encourage them but cannot force them. In this instance the parent will be contacted immediately to inform them.

The following chart details which medication we can administer and for how long:

Medication Cha	art		
Type of	Examples of	Examples of	Where there is a health
medication	reasons for	medication	reason to do so we
	administering	(This list is no	tcan administer:
		exhaustive)	
Short term	Child requires short term	Paracetamol	For 2 consecutive days
non-	treatment or pain relief	Ibuprofen	
prescribed	which can be treated	Eye drops	
	with over the counter	Ear drops	
	medication.	Cough syrup	
		Cream/lotions	
		Homeopathic	
Short term	Child requires short term	Antibiotics	As per the length of time
prescribed	treatment or pain relief	Paracetamol	stated on the instructions
	and has been prescribed	Ibuprofen	
	a course of treatment by	Aspirin	
	their GP which lasts for	Eye drops	
	no more than 2 weeks.	Ear drops	
		Cough syrup	
		Cream/lotions	
		Homeopathic	
Long term	Child has been	Teething gel	As and when required
non-	diagnosed with a long	Teething powders	
prescribed	term condition (which	Nappy rash cream	
	they suffer from regularly	Eczema cream	
	or constantly) which can	Paracetamol*	
	be treated with over the	lbuprofen*	
	counter medication.	* a supporting letter is	

		required from their GP	
Long term	Child has been	Epipen	As and when required
prescribed	diagnosed with a long	Insulin	
	term condition (which	Inhaler	
	they suffer from regularly	Eczema cream	
	or constantly) and has	Paracetamol*	
	been prescribed a	lbuprofen*	
	course of treatment by	Aspirin*	
	their GP.		
		* a supporting letter is	
		required from their GP	

Missing/Lost Child Policy

Policy Statement

Children's safety is maintained as the highest priority at all times. Every attempt is made through carrying out the collection procedure and the exit/entrance procedure to ensure the security of children is maintained at all times. In the unlikely event of a child going missing, our missing child procedure is followed.

Procedures

Child going missing on the premises

As soon as it is noticed that a child is missing the key person/staff alerts the setting Manager.

The setting Manager will carry out a thorough search of the building and garden.

Doors and gates are checked to see if there has been a breach of security whereby a child could wander out.

The setting Manager talks to the staff to find out when and where the child was last seen and records this.

The register is checked to make sure no other child has also gone astray.

Ensure the safety of the other children, with regard to supervision and security whilst the search is taking place

CCTV camera footage will be checked for sightings of the child.

If the child cannot be found within fifteen minutes then the parents and the police must be informed.

Continue the search, widening the area until the police arrive.

Investigation

Staff keep calm and do not let the other children become anxious or worried.

The setting manager together with the owner speaks with the parent(s).

The Manager and owner, carry out a full investigation taking written statements from all the staff in the setting.

The key person/Manager writes an incident report detailing:

The date and time of the report.

What staff/children were in the Nursery and the name of the staff designated responsible for the missing child.

When the child was last seen in the session.

What has taken place in the session since the child went missing.

The time it is estimated that the child went missing.

A conclusion is drawn as to how the breach of security happened.

If the incident warrants a police investigation, all staff co-operate fully. In this case, the police will handle all aspects of the investigation, including interviewing staff. Children's Social Care may be involved if it seems likely that there is a child protection issue to address.

The incident is reported under RIDDOR arrangements (see the Reporting of Accidents and Incidents policy); the local authority Health and Safety Officer may want to investigate and will decide if there is a case for prosecution.

In the event of disciplinary action needing to be taken, Ofsted is informed.

The insurance provider is informed.

Managing people

Missing child incidents are very worrying for all concerned. Part of managing the incident is to try to keep everyone as calm as possible.

The staff will feel worried about the child, especially the key person or the designated carer responsible for the safety of that child. They may blame themselves and their feelings of anxiety and distress will rise as the length of time the child is missing increases.

Staff may be the understandable target of parental anger and they may be afraid. Setting leaders need to ensure that staff under investigation are not only fairly treated but receive support while feeling vulnerable.

The parents will feel angry, and fraught. They may want to blame staff and may single out one staff member over others; they may direct their anger at the setting leader. When dealing with a distraught and angry parent, there should always be two members of staff, one of whom is the setting Manager and the other should be the owner. No matter how understandable the parent's anger may be, aggression or threats against staff are not tolerated, and the police should be called.

The other children are also sensitive to what is going on around them. They too may be worried. The remaining staff caring for them need to be focused on their needs and must not discuss the incident in front of them. They should answer children's questions honestly but also reassure them.

In accordance with the severity of the final outcome, staff may need counselling and support. If a child is not found, or is injured, or worse, this will be a very difficult time. The manager and owner will use their discretion to decide what action to take.

Staff must not discuss any missing child incident with the press without taking advice.

Mobile Phone, camera and technological devise policy

Use of personal technological devices by staff and volunteers

St Bees Little Learners Nursery recognises that staff, students and volunteers may wish to have their personal mobile phones at work for use in case of emergency. It is acknowledged that staff may also have other technological devices in their possession or within their personal belongings.

However, safeguarding of children within the setting is paramount and it is recognised that personal mobile phones and technological devices have the potential to be used inappropriately and therefore the setting management has implemented the following policy:

- Personal mobile phones and technological devices should only be used outside of working hours and never whilst children are present.
- Personal mobile phones and technological devices should be stored in bags in office.
- In very unusual circumstances, such as a family emergency, staff and volunteers should seek permission from the manager or employer to use their mobile phone.
- If a staff member, student or volunteer must use their mobile phone (see above) this should be away from the children and ensuring that staff supervision levels are not compromised.
- Staff, students or volunteers who ignore this policy and use a mobile phone on the setting premises without permission may face disciplinary action.
- The setting's main telephone number can be used for emergencies by staff or volunteers or by people who need to contact them.
- In circumstances such as outings and off site visits, staff will agree with their manager the appropriate use of personal mobile phones in the event of an emergency.
- Where there is a suspicion that the material on a mobile phone or technological device may be unsuitable and may constitute evidence relating to a criminal offence, the 'Allegations of Abuse' process will be followed (please refer to the setting's 'Child Protection Policy').
- Staff, students or volunteers remain responsible for their own property and will bear the responsibility of any losses.

Use of personal mobile phones, cameras and technological devices by non staff

St Bees Little Learners Nursery recognises that visitors may wish to have their personal mobile phones and technological devices with them.

However, safeguarding of children within the setting is paramount and it is recognised that personal mobile phones and technological devices have the potential to be used inappropriately and therefore the setting management has implemented the following policy:

- Mobile phones and technological devices must only be used away from the children and where possible, off site.
- In exceptional circumstances, such as a family emergency, visitors should seek permission from the setting manager to use their mobile phone.
- The setting's main telephone number can be used for emergencies.
- Photos of children must not be taken without prior discussion with the setting manager and in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998 and using the 'Use of images consent form' (please refer to the setting's document 'Guidance for settings on the use of images, cameras and technological devices' in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998').
- In circumstances where there is a suspicion that the material on a mobile phone or technological device may be unsuitable and provide evidence relating to a criminal offence, the 'Allegations of Abuse' process will be followed (please refer to the setting's 'Child Protection Policy').
- Visitors remain responsible for their own property and will bear the responsibility of any losses.
- In after school/holiday club children must leave mobile phones/cameras with the staff member upon arrival, which will be returned at the end of the session.

Use of the setting's mobile phone, camera and technological devices

St Bees Little Learners Nursery provides a mobile phone/tablet and camera for staff, students and volunteers to use to support their work with children. To ensure the appropriate use of this equipment, and to safeguard children, the following policy applies:

- Only the camera and technological devices belonging to the setting may be used to take appropriate and relevant images of children, i.e. observations, photographs of setting events.
- Images must be used in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998 (please refer to the setting's document 'Guidance for settings on the use of Images, Mobile Phones and Cameras in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998').
- Cameras and technological devices should only be used where two or more staff members are present.
- It is not appropriate to take photographs of bruising or injuries on a child for child protection concerns. The 'Logging Concern Form and Body Map' must be used to record factual observations.
- The setting's mobile phone must only be used for work related matters.

- In circumstances where there is a suspicion that the material on the setting's mobile phone
 or technological devices may be unsuitable and provide evidence relating to a criminal
 offence, the 'Allegations of Abuse' process will be followed (please refer to the setting's
 'Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy').
- The setting's mobile phone and technological devices remain the property of the setting at all times and should not be taken off of the premises (with the exception of visits and outings).

Nappy Changing Procedure

Each child has a pouch with their name on - in this should be nappies and wipes brought in by parents.

Ensure nappy changing area is clean before use

Wear gloves and protective apron (if needed)

Change baby into clean nappy.

Any creams need to be labelled and in basket

Use nappy bags to dispose of nappy in bin.

Change gloves and protective apron for next child to prevent contamination.

Spray and wipe change mat before next child.

Wash hands after changing child.

Record nappy change on child's daily diary

Nappies need to be changed a minimum of every 3 hours, ensure child is changed before they go home and before sleep.

Request for extra nappies/wipes to be put in their diary/bag

No-smoking Policy

Policy statement

We comply with health and safety regulations and the Early Years Foundation Stage in making our setting a no-smoking environment - both indoors and outdoors.

Procedures

All staff, parents and volunteers are made aware of our No-smoking Policy.

We display no-smoking signs.

The No-smoking Policy is stated in our information for parents.

We actively encourage no-smoking by having information for parents and staff about where to get help to stop smoking if they are seeking this information.

Staff who smoke do not do so during working hours, unless on a break and off the premises.

Staff who smoke during their break make every effort to reduce the effect of the odour and lingering effects of passive smoking for children and colleagues.

Legal framework

The Smoke-free (Premises and Enforcement) Regulations (2006)

The Smoke-free (Signs) Regulations (2012)

ST Bees Little Learners Nursery Privacy Notice for Parents/Carers

This privacy notice explains how we collect, store and use personal data about pupils. We, St Bees Little Learners Nursery, are the 'data controller' for the purposes of data protection law.

Our data protection officer (DPO) is Kayleigh Robertson (Nursery Owner).

Who we are and what we do

We are St Bees Little Learners Nursery, Abbots Court, St bees. We are a Day Nursery for children ages 0 – 4 years old. Our local authority is Cumbria County Council.

The personal data we collect and hold

 We hold personal data about pupils, their parents or carers to support teaching and learning, to provide pastoral care and to assess how the school is performing. We may also receive data about pupils from other organisations including, but not limited to, other schools, local authorities, health care providers and the Department for Education.

Personal data that we may collect, use, store and share (when appropriate) about pupils includes, but is not restricted to:

- Contact details, contact preferences, date of birth, identification documents
- Results of internal assessments and externally set tests
- Pupil and curricular records
- Characteristics, such as ethnic background, eligibility for free school meals, or special educational needs
- Exclusion information
- Details of any medical conditions, including physical and mental health
- Attendance information
- Safeguarding information
- Details of any support received, including care packages, plans and support providers
- Photographs

Why we use this data

We use this data to:

- Support pupil learning
- Monitor and report on pupil progress
- Provide appropriate pastoral care
- Protect pupil welfare
- Assess the quality of our services (including monitoring staff performance)
- Administer admissions waiting lists
- Carry out research
- Comply with the law regarding data sharing

Our legal basis for using this data

We collect and use personal data on the basis of performing a public task (educating children).

On some occasions we may ask for consent to process data when its use is optional. On those occasions consent can be withdrawn at any time. We will make this clear when we ask for consent, and explain how consent can be withdrawn.

Collecting this information

We collect / obtain data from pupils, parents, carers, teachers and other professionals where relevant (e.g. G.P, hospital, social workers etc.)

How we store this data

We keep personal information about pupils while they are attending our school. We may also keep it beyond their attendance at our school if this is necessary in order to comply with our legal obligations. We will only retain the data we collect for as long as is necessary. This would be to satisfy the purpose for which it has been collected in accordance with our data retention policy.

Please contact us if you would like further details on this policy.

The security of data and information is important to us. This is why we follow a range of security policies and procedures to control and safeguard access to and use of your personal information. This includes both physical and technical security and integrity of all data.

Data sharing

We do not share any of this data with any other organisation without your permission, except where the law requires it. We are required to provide pupil data to central government through the Department for Education and the Education Funding Agency. Where it is necessary to protect a child, the school will also share data with the Local Authority Children's Social Services, medical professional and/or the Police.

Where we transfer personal data to a country or territory outside the European Economic Area, we will do so in accordance with data protection law.

Parents and pupils' rights regarding personal data

Individuals have a right to make a 'subject access request' to gain access to personal information that the nursery holds about them. This includes access to their child's educational record. This should be made in writing or by e-mail to mailbox@stbeeslittlelearnsers.co.uk The nursery will respond within a 15 school days timescale.

Parents/Carers can make a request with respect to their child's data where the child is not considered mature enough to understand their rights over their own data (usually under the age of 16), or where the child has provided consent.

Parents also have the right to make a subject access request with respect to any personal data the school holds about them.

If you make a subject access request, we will:

- Give you a copy of the information in an intelligible form
- Give you a description of the data we hold
- Tell you why we are holding and processing it, and how long we will keep it for
- Explain where we got it from, if not from you or your child
- Tell you who it has been, or will be, shared with
- Let you know whether any automated decision-making is being applied to the data, and any consequences of this
- Individuals also have the right for their personal information to be transmitted electronically to another organisation in certain circumstances.

If we cannot provide information to you, we will give you a description of the information we hold and the reason why it cannot be disclosed to you at the time of your request.

Other rights

Individuals have rights regarding how their personal data is used and kept safe, including the right to:

- Object to the use of personal data if it would cause, or is causing, damage or distress
- · Prevent it being used to send direct marketing
- Object to decisions being taken by automated means (by a computer or machine, rather than by a person)
- In certain circumstances, have inaccurate personal data corrected, deleted or destroyed, or restrict processing
- Claim compensation for damages caused by a breach of the data protection regulations
- To exercise any of these rights, please contact our data protection officer.

Complaints

We take any complaints about our collection and use of personal information very seriously.

If you think that our collection or use of personal information is unfair, misleading or inappropriate, or have any other concern about our data processing, please raise this with us in the first instance.

To make a complaint, please contact our data protection officer.

Alternatively, you can make a complaint to the Information Commissioner's Office: Report a concern online at https://ico.org.uk/concerns/

Call 0303 123 1113

Or write to: Information Commissioner's Office, Wycliffe House, Water Lane, Wilmslow, Cheshire, SK9 5AF

Contact us

If you have any questions, concerns or would like more information about anything mentioned in this privacy notice, please contact our data protection officer:

Kayleigh Robertson
ST Bees Little Learners Nursery
Abbots Court
Abbey Road
St Bees
CA27 0EG

Staff Behaviour Policy

Introduction

Staff should be aware that a failure to comply with the following policy could result in disciplinary action including dismissal.

Purpose, scope and principles

This policy is designed to give clear guidance on the standards of behaviour all nursery staff are expected to observe. Nursery staff are in a unique position of influence and must adhere to behaviour that sets a good example to all the children/students within the nursery.

This policy applies to:

All staff who are employed by the nursery;

Setting an example

All staff who work in nursery must set examples of behaviour and conduct which can be copied by children.

All staff must, therefore, demonstrate high standards of conduct in order to encourage our children/students to do the same.

All staff must also avoid putting themselves at risk of allegations of abusive or unprofessional conduct.

This policy helps all staff to understand what behaviour is and is not acceptable.

Safeguarding children/students

Staff have a duty to safeguard children/students from: Physical abuse Sexual abuse Emotional abuse Neglect

The duty to safeguard children/students includes the duty to report concerns about a children/student to Kayleigh Robertson or a member of the safeguarding team.

The nursery's safeguarding coordinator is Deanna Magill

Staff are provided with personal copies of the nursery's Child Protection Policy and Whistleblowing Procedure and staff must be familiar with these documents.

Staff must not seriously demean or undermine children, their parents or carers, or colleagues.

Staff must take reasonable care of children/students under their supervision with the aim of ensuring their safety and welfare.

Child development

Staff must comply with nurseries policies and procedures that support the wellbeing and development of children.

Staff must co-operate and collaborate with colleagues and with external agencies where necessary to support the development of children.

Staff must follow reasonable instructions that support the development of children.

Honesty and integrity

Staff must maintain high standards of honesty and integrity in their work. This includes the handling and claiming of money and the use of nursery property and facilities.

Conduct outside work

Staff must not engage in conduct outside work which could seriously damage the reputation and standing of the nursery or the employee's own reputation or the reputation of other members of the nursery community.

In particular, criminal offences that involve violence or possession or use of illegal drugs or sexual misconduct are likely to be regarded as unacceptable.

Staff must exercise caution when using information technology and be aware of the risks to themselves and others.

Staff may undertake work outside nursery, either paid or voluntary, provided that it does not conflict with the interests of the nursery (ie working for parents of children at the nursery) nor be to a level which may contravene the working time regulations or affect an individual's work performance.

Confidentiality

Where staff have access to confidential information about children or their parents or carers, staff must not reveal such information except to those colleagues who have a professional role in relation to the children including tapestry online journal.

All staff are likely at some point to witness actions which need to be confidential. This needs to be reported and dealt with in accordance with the appropriate nursery procedure. It must not be discussed outside the nursery, including with the children's parent or carer, nor with colleagues in the nursery except with a senior member of staff with the appropriate role and authority to deal with the matter.

However, staff have an obligation to share with their manager or the nurseries Designated Senior Person any information which gives rise to concern about the safety or welfare of a children. Staff must never promise a children that they will not act on information that they are told by the children.

Disciplinary action

All staff need to recognise that failure to meet these standards of behaviour and conduct may result in disciplinary action, including dismissal.

PROFESSIONAL RELATIONSHIPS

With children:

- We act respectfully towards children at all times,
- We understand that children have a right to be heard.
- We are friendly and supportive to all children, but maintain our professionalism at all times.
- We have a professional responsibility to inform an appropriate person if we believe that a
 colleague is behaving in a way that compromises the safety or well-being of any child or group
 of children.

With parents:

- Parents have an entitlement to be informed about their child's learning and well-being. We always seek to involve and engage parents in this process.
- We recognise parents' entitlement to express any concerns they may have about their child's learning, safety or well-being.
- We always seek to work in partnership with parents, using their understanding of their own child to help us to provide the best learning opportunities that we can.
- We recognise that parents' worries and concerns can be extremely emotive and we acknowledge that, at times, we will need to speak to parents when they are upset.
- If we are concerned that a parent may be aggressive or otherwise inappropriate towards us,
 we can ask for a colleague (usually a senior leader) to be present.
- In extreme circumstances, the manager may decide that it is safer for a practitioner to communicate with a parent through different means.
- We are honest with parents, without undermining colleagues and respond fairly to their concerns irrespective of their race, religion, culture or social background.

With other members of staff:

We act in a professional manner towards colleagues, irrespective of our relative position or status within the nursery hierarchy, for example:

Speaking politely to one another.

Being flexible and understanding of necessary changes within the nursery day. Assuming that the actions of others are carried out in good faith. Communicating clearly and honestly with colleagues.

Addressing concerns openly and honestly with the person to whom the concern is addressed, whenever possible, without publicly criticising anyone.

Being publicly supportive of colleagues, and dealing with concerns or disagreements privately, with support if necessary.

We share a responsibility to encourage and support our colleagues in their professional development.

We consider all members of the staff team to have equal value, irrespective of their job, and we treat them accordingly.

When speaking to colleagues, we always consider how we would expect to be spoken to ourselves. Concerns raised with managers are dealt with confidentially. If further action is required, the manager has responsibility to inform only the appropriate senior person within the nursery.

We recognise that we are all accountable for our actions and performance and that from time to time leaders and managers will need to deliver feedback that is challenging. All individual feedback is given sensitively, and constructively and should only be shared with those staff members that need to know (e.g. line manager or mentor).

By approaching issues with colleagues in a way that always seeks to solve potential problems in a positive way. We never act in a way that publicly undermines a colleague.

We all take responsibility for our actions and are prepared to apologise when we have made mistakes and undertake to learn from those errors.

STAFF DRESS

We dress in a manner that exhibits the importance of the job that we do.

We wear smart, practical clothes.

We avoid wearing clothes that could cause offence or embarrassment to others.

Jeans are not considered acceptable, unless participating in a trip or visit that requires harder wearing clothes.

We do not wear excessive amounts of jewellery and understand our own Health and Safety responsibilities.

Above all, we aim:

To create and maintain a shared understanding of how we all should behave towards one another. To express our shared commitment to promoting lifelong learning through respect for all.

To provide clear, unambiguous guidance for members of staff about the standards of conduct that are expected of them.

To provide a reference point for nursery leaders and managers.

We understand that we are part of a professional organisation. When we come to work or take part in off-site work activities, this commits us to the following:

Taking professional responsibility for fulfilling my role in the nursery.

Being a positive role model (dress, talk and act).

Being an effective team member; acknowledging the voice and contributions of each other and offering and receiving support where needed.

Being positive in my thinking and approach (constructive not destructive, seeking solutions and having a go). Adhering to deadlines and keeping to time.

Communicating effectively, clearly, honestly and transparently with all stakeholders. Demonstrating fairness and consistency.

Showing appreciation (taking time to thank and acknowledge the contributions of others). Respecting the environment and each other (taking shared ownership of our nursery).

Provider Records Policy

We keep records and documentation for the purpose of maintaining our business. These include:

- Records pertaining to our registration.
- Landlord/lease documents and other contractual documentation pertaining to amenities, services and goods.
- Financial records pertaining to income and expenditure.
- Risk assessments.
- Employment records of staff including their name, home address and telephone number.
- Names, addresses and telephone numbers of anyone else who is regularly in unsupervised contact with the children.

We consider our records as confidential based on the sensitivity of information, such as with employment records. These confidential records are maintained with regard to the framework of the Data Protection Act (1998) and the Human Rights Act (1998).

This policy and procedure is taken in conjunction with the Confidentiality and Client Access to Records Policy and Information Sharing Policy.

Procedures

All records are the responsibility of the management team who ensure they are kept securely.

All records are kept in an orderly way in files and filing is kept up-to-date.

- Financial records are kept up-to-date for audit purposes.
- Health and safety records are maintained; these include risk assessments, details of checks or inspections and guidance etc.
- Our Ofsted registration certificate is displayed.
- Our Public Liability insurance certificate is displayed.
- All our employment and staff records are kept securely and confidentially.

We notify Ofsted of any change:

- in the address of the premises;
- to the premises which may affect the space available to us or the quality of childcare we provide;
- to the name and address of the provider, or the provider's contact information;
- to the person managing the provision;

- any significant event which is likely to affect our suitability to look after children; or
- any other event as detailed in the Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage (DfE 2012).

Legal framework

Data Protection Act 1998

Human Rights Act 1998

Risk Assessment Policy

It is important as a nursery that we have in place procedures that firstly identify potential risks and secondly enable us to implement measures to limit these risks.

Aim

At St Bees Little Learners Nursery we aim to provide a safe and secure environment for children in our care. We strive to create a stimulating and welcoming atmosphere wherein children can learn and grow, whilst ensuring potential hazards are minimal.

Procedures

- · Identify potential hazard
- · Decide who might be harmed and how
- · Identify actions necessary to minimize the risk
- Evaluate the risk and take appropriate action if necessary
- Record your findings

Monitor and review

Detailed risk assessments should be carried out for all areas within the Nursery Class and grounds. These should be completed using the pro forma issued by preschool learning alliance and reviewed annually. A copy of each can be found in the risk assessment file.

If an accident occurs, reassessment of the risk should take place and action should be taken to reduce the risk.

An outing risk assessment audit should be completed by a member of staff before the nursery go to a place outwith the nursery

Safeguarding Children and Child Protection

Including managing allegations of abuse against a member of staff and Prevent Duty (Extremism, Radicalism and British Values)

Policy statement

Our setting will work with children, parents and the community to ensure the rights and safety of children and to give them the very best start in life. Our safeguarding policy is based on the three key commitments of the Early Years Alliance Safeguarding Children Policy.

Procedures

We carry out the following procedures to ensure we meet the three key commitments of the Early Years Alliance Safeguarding Children Policy.

We must contact the LADO if you have a concern or allegation regarding any professional who works with a child including foster carers or volunteers. This must be done within one WORKING day. See https://www.cumbria.gov.uk/LSCB/professionals/lado.asp or contact safeguarding hub telephone 0333 2401727 or https://www.cumbria.gov.uk/LSCB/procedures.asp/ for guidance

Key commitment 1

St Bees Little Learners Nursery is committed to building a 'culture of safety' in which children are protected from abuse and harm in all areas of its service delivery.

Staff and volunteers

Our designated person (a member of staff) who co-ordinates child protection issues is: Kayleigh Robertson - Manager

Our designated officer who oversees this work is: Chloe Burns - Room Leader

We ensure all staff are trained to understand our safeguarding policies and procedures and that parents are aware of them too.

All staff have an up-to-date knowledge of safeguarding issues.

There will be a designated member of staff for safeguarding available at all times

We provide adequate and appropriate staffing resources to meet the needs of children.

Applicants for posts within the setting are clearly informed that the positions are exempt from the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974.

Candidates are informed of the need to carry out 'enhanced disclosure' checks with the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) before posts can be confirmed.

Where applications are rejected because of information that has been disclosed, applicants have the right to know and to challenge incorrect information.

All permanent applicants for work within the pre-school will be interviewed before an appointment is made and will be asked to provide at least two references. They will also need to provide confirmation of their right to work in the UK.

All permanent appointments will be subject to a six month probationary period and will not be confirmed unless the nursery is confident that the applicant can be safely entrusted with the children. We abide by Ofsted requirements in respect of references and Disclosure and Barring Service checks for staff and volunteers, to ensure that no disqualified person or unsuitable person works at the setting or has access to the children.

Volunteers and students do not work unsupervised.

We inform all staff that they are expected to disclose any convictions, cautions, court orders or reprimands and warnings which may affect their suitability to work with children, whether received before or during their employment with us.

We record information about staff qualifications and the identity checks and vetting processes that have been completed including:

- -The Disclosure and Barring Service reference number -The date the disclosure was obtained; and -Details of whom obtained it.
- We abide by the Protection of Vulnerable Groups Act (2006) requirements in respect of any person who is dismissed from our employment, or resigns in circumstances that would otherwise have lead to dismissal for reasons of child protection concern.

We have procedures for recording the details of visitors to the setting.

We take security steps to ensure that we have control over who comes into the setting so that no unauthorised person has unsupervised access to the children.

We take steps to ensure children are not photographed or filmed on video for any other purpose than to record their development or their participation in events organised by us. Parents sign a consent form and have access to records holding visual images of their child.

Key commitment 2

St Bees Little Learners Nursery is committed to responding promptly and appropriately to all incidents or concerns of abuse that may occur and to work with statutory agencies in accordance with the procedures that are set down in 'What to do if you're worried a child is being abused' (HMG 2015).

Responding to suspicions of abuse

We acknowledge that abuse of children can take different forms - physical, emotional, and sexual, as well as neglect.

When children are suffering from physical, sexual or emotional abuse, or may be experiencing neglect, this may be demonstrated through:

significant changes in behaviour;

deterioration in their general well-being;

their comments which may give cause for concern, or the things they say (direct or indirect disclosure); changes in their appearance, their behaviour or their play;

unexplained bruising, marks or signs of possible abuse or neglect; and

any reason to suspect neglect or abuse outside the setting.

We take into account factors affecting parental capacity, such as social exclusion, domestic violence, parent's drug or alcohol abuse, mental or physical illness or parent's learning disability.

We are aware of other factors that affect children's vulnerability such as abuse of disabled children, fabricated or induced illness, child abuse linked to beliefs in spirit possession, sexual exploitation of children such as through internet abuse and Female Genital Mutilation that may affect or may have affected children and young people using our provision.

We will ensure suitable filters are in place on the nurseries internet and monitoring of staff and children.

We also make ourselves aware that some children and young people are affected by gang activity, by complex, multiple or organised abuse, through forced marriage or honour based violence or maybe victims of child trafficking. While this may be less likely to affect young children in our care we may become aware of any of these factors affecting older children and young people who we may come into contact with.

We actively protect children and teach them to value British Values by recognising and valuing the universal uniqueness of all individuals and we are mindful to instil learning and resilience to protect children against the development of extremist and radicalised thinking and behaviour.

Where we believe a child in our care or known to us may be affected by any of these factors we follow the procedure for reporting child protection concerns. Where such evidence is apparent, the child's key person makes a dated record of the details of the concern and discusses what to do with the setting's Leader who is acting as the 'designated person'. The information is stored on the child's personal file.

We refer concerns to the local authority children's social care department and co-operate fully in any subsequent investigation. NB In some cases this may mean the police or another agency identified by the Local Safeguarding Children's Board.

We take care not to influence the outcome either through the way we speak to children or by asking questions of children.

We take account of the need to protect young people aged 16-19 as defined by the Children Act 1989. This may include students or school children on work placement, young employees or young parents. Where abuse is suspected we follow the procedure for reporting any other child protection concerns. The views of the young person will always be taken into account, but the setting may override the young person's refusal to consent to share information if it feels that it is necessary to prevent a crime from being committed or intervene where one may have been or to prevent harm to a child or adult. Sharing confidential information without consent is done only where not sharing it could be worse than the outcome of having shared it.

Recording suspicions of abuse and disclosures

Where a child makes comments to a member of staff that gives cause for concern (disclosure), or a member of staff observes signs or signals that gives cause for concern, such as significant changes in behaviour; deterioration in general well-being, unexplained bruising, marks or signs of possible abuse or neglect, that member of staff:

listens to the child, offers reassurance and gives assurance that she or he will take action; (The child will be helped to understand that they are valued and respected and not at fault or blame) does not question the child; Use TED (Tell, Explain, Describe)

makes a written record that forms an objective record of the observation or disclosure that includes: the date and time of the observation or the disclosure;

the exact words spoken by the child, as far as possible;

describing objectively the child's behaviour/ appearance without comment, judgement, interpretation or speculation;

the name of the person to whom the concern was reported, with date and time;

the names of any other person present at the time;

the name, age and address of the child.

These records are signed and dated and kept in a confidential safeguarding file which is kept secure and confidential with restricted access for authorised personnel only

Where the Local Safeguarding Partners stipulates the process for recording and sharing concerns, we include those procedures alongside this procedure and follow the steps set down by the Local Safeguarding Children Board.

Making a referral to the local authority social care team

The Early Years Alliance's publication Safeguarding Children contains procedures for making a referral to the local children's social care team, as well as a template form for recording concerns and making a referral. This is based on 'What to do if you are worried a child is being abused' (HMG 2006-updated 2015).

We keep a copy of this document alongside procedures set down by our Local Safeguarding Children Board.

Informing parents

Parents are normally the first point of contact. We discuss concerns with parents to gain their view of events unless we feel this may put the child in greater danger.

We inform parents where we make a record of concerns in their child's file and that we also make a note of any discussion we have with them regarding a concern.

If a suspicion of abuse warrants referral to social care, parents are informed at the same time that the referral is made, except where the guidance of the Local Safeguarding Children Board does not allow this, for example, where it is believed that the child may be placed in greater danger. This will usually be the case where the parent is the likely abuser. In these cases the social workers will inform parents. If parents are unable to allay any legitimate anxieties that the pre-school may have then these matters will be notified to Social services.

In exceptional circumstances, as outlined above, Social Services will be the first point of reference or in cases where the pre-school consider the child to be in danger or at risk of harm the police will be called for immediate assistance.

Liaison with other agencies

We work within the Local Safeguarding Partners guidelines.

We have procedures for contacting the local authority on child protection issues, including maintaining a list of names, addresses and telephone numbers of social workers. This is to ensure that it is easy, in any emergency, for the setting and social services to work well together.

We notify the registration authority (Ofsted) of any incident or accident and any changes in our arrangements which may affect the well-being of children or where an allegation of abuse is made against a member of staff as soon as reasonably possible, but within 14 days.

Allegations against staff

We ensure that all parents know how to complain about the behaviour or actions of staff or volunteers within the setting, or anyone living or working on the premises occupied by the setting, which may include an allegation of abuse.

We respond to any inappropriate behaviour displayed by members of staff or any other person working with the children, which includes:

inappropriate sexual comments

excessive one-to-one attention beyond the requirements of their usual role and responsibilities or inappropriate sharing of images.

We follow the guidance of the Local Safeguarding Partners when responding to any complain that a member of staff, or volunteer within the setting, or anyone living or working on the premises occupied by the setting, has abused a child.

We respond to any disclosure by children or staff that abuse by a member of staff or volunteer within the setting, or anyone living or working on the premises occupied by the setting, may have taken, or is taking place. We do this by first recording the details of any such alleged incident.

Key commitment 3

St Bees Little Learners Nursery is committed to promoting awareness of child abuse issues throughout its training and learning programmes for adults. It is also committed to empowering young children, through its early childhood curriculum, promoting their right to be strong, resilient and listened to.

Training and Good Practice

We seek out training opportunities for all adults involved in the setting to ensure that they are able to recognise the signs and signals of possible physical abuse, emotional abuse, sexual abuse and neglect and that they are aware of the local authority guidelines for making referrals.

We ensure the designated person receive training in accordance with that recommended by the Local Safeguarding Partners. Training will be at least every two years with regular updates at least annually We ensure that all staff know the procedures for reporting and recording their concerns in the setting.

Qualified DBS disclosed members of our nursery are the only members of staff allowed to take a child to the toilet. No adult, other than appointed individuals, will be allowed either to take a child to the toilet or to be left alone with them.

Children will be encouraged to develop a sense of autonomy and independence through adult support in making choices and learning ways to express their own feelings. This will enable children to have the self-confidence and the vocabulary to resist/reject inappropriate approaches.

Planning

The layout of the rooms allows for constant supervision. No child is left alone with staff or volunteers in a one-to-one situation without being visible to others.

Curriculum

We introduce key elements of keeping children safe into our programme to promote the personal, social and emotional development of all children so that they may grow to be strong, resilient and listened to and that they develop an understanding of why and how to keep safe.

We create within the setting a culture of value and respect for the individual, having positive regard for children's heritage arising from their colour, ethnicity, languages spoken at home, cultural and social background.

We ensure that this is carried out in a way that is developmentally appropriate for the children.

Confidentiality

All suspicions and investigations are kept confidential and shared only with those who need to know. The people most commonly involved will be the member of staff/key worker, nursery Manager and the owner. Any information is shared under the guidance of the Local Safeguarding Partners.

Support to families

We believe in building trusting and supportive relationships with families, staff and volunteers in the group.

We make clear to parents our role and responsibilities in relation to child protection. This includes the reporting of concerns, providing information, monitoring of the child, and liaising at all times with the local children's social care team.

We will continue to welcome the child and the family whilst investigations are being made in relation to any alleged abuse.

We follow the Child Protection Plan, as set by the child's social care worker, in relation to the setting's designated role and tasks in supporting that child and their family, subsequent to any investigation. Confidential records kept on a child are shared with the child's parents or those who have parental responsibility for the child in accordance with the Confidentiality and Client Access to Records procedure, and only if appropriate under the guidance of the Local Safeguarding Partners.

Attendance

Whilst attendance at nursery is not a statutory requirement, adhering to the safeguarding and promoting children's welfare policy is required in order to protect children from harm.

The nursery must be informed for any child absence

Must be aware of children who go missing from education, particularly on repeat occasions, to help identify the risk of abuse and neglect.

Online Safety

Appropriate filters and monitoring are in place on all computers in the workplace.

Talk to children about online safety.

Peer on peer

Peer on peer abuse is included as something all staff should be aware of.

Sexting is specifically mentioned as a form of peer on peer abuse, we ensure that their approach to it is clearly reflected in our child protection policy.

Early Help

Nursery will aim to identify children who may benefit from early help. This means the ability to provide support as soon as a problem emerges

Support may be required from other agencies and professionals

The designated safeguarding lead will support the staff member dealing with other agencies

Constant review and communication with children's social care if the child's welfare is a concern

Staff

Refer to staff behaviour policy for information on:

Mobile phone/ camera use

Staff conduct

Staff supervision

COVID 19- see policy & risk assessments

Legal framework

Primary legislation

The Prevent duty Departmental advice for schools and childcare providers (June 2015)

Prevent Duty Guidance: for England and Wales (2016)

Safeguarding: Ofsted Inspections and Safeguarding from (Sept. 2015)

Information Sharing (2015)

What to do if you are worried a child is being abused (2015)

Children Act (1989 s47)

Working Together to Safeguard Children (2018)

Protection of Children Act (1999)

The Children Act (2004) (amended 2017)

Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act (2006)

Human Right Act (1998)

Keeping children safe in education (Sept 2018, 2019, 2020)

Secondary legislation

Sexual Offences Act (2003)

Criminal Justice and Court Services Act (2000)

Equalities Act (2010)

Data Protection Act (1998) Non Statutory Guidance

Domestic Violence, Crime and Victims (amendment) Act 2012

Further Guidance

Working Together to Safeguard Children (revised HMG 2010-under revision 2012-updated 2015, updated 2018)

What to do if you are Worried a Child is Being Abused (HMG 2006-updated 2015)

Every Child Matters - Green Paper (2003)

Framework for the Assessment of Children in Need and their Families (DoH 2000)

The Common Assessment Framework for Children and Young People: A Guide for Practitioners (CWDC 2010)

Statutory guidance on making arrangements to safeguard and promote the welfare of children under section 11 of the Children Act 2004 (HMG 2007)

Sexual Offences Act (2003)

Female Genital Mutilation Act (2003)

Adoption and Children's Act (2002)

Information Sharing: Guidance for Practitioners and Managers (HMG 2008-updated 2015)

Independent Safeguarding Authority: www.isa-gov.org.uk.

United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child. UK (1991)

Prevent Duty guidance for England and Wales (2015)

Inspecting Safeguarding in Early Years

Useful contacts/telephone numbers

Contact CSCP Safeguarding hub - 03332401727 / www.cumbriasafeguardingchildren.co.uk

You no longer contact a named LADO directly in the first instance (email <u>lado@cumbria.gov.u</u>k) . 03003033892

The LADO service works Monday to Friday and the Business Support Team will be available from 9 am to 5pm Monday to Thursday and from 9am to 4.30pm on Friday. (These are the same working hours as the LADO.)

Outside these hours the Emergency Duty Team is available on 0333 240 1727 and they will be able to offer you advice until you are able to speak to a LADO.

https://www.cumbria.gov.uk/eLibrary/Content/Internet/537/6683/6687/6698/17145/42632155941.pdf

Settling in policy

The settling in period is paramount for your child to feel safe and secure in the Nursery environment. The nursery wants parents/guardians to have the confidence in the nursery to look after the child's wellbeing.

The nursery allocates a key person to each child and family. You will be informed of this person once you have enrolled.

All parents/guardians are encouraged to visit the nursery with their child during the weeks before starting nursery. During these visits the nursery can work with the parent/guardian to decide on the best induction plan to meet the needs to the individual child. A gradual build-up of time can be devised at first to ensure the child and the parent/guardian is comfortable with the situation.

You are welcome to telephone the nursery as frequently as you like to enquire how your child has settled. You can visit the nursery at any time; appointments do not need to be made.

Parents/guardians will always be contacted if their child becomes distressed during the nursery session

Parents generally settle in their child over 6 weeks, some take less, it all depends on the child

Staffing and Employment

The Nursery provides a staffing ratio in line with Ofsted, to ensure that children have sufficient individual attention and to guarantee care and education of a high quality. Our employees are appropriately qualified and we carry out checks for criminal and other records through DBS checks

We aim to ensure that children below school age and their parents are offered high quality early years care and education.

To meet this aim we use the following ratios of adult to child:

• children under two years of age: 1 adult: 3 children

children aged two years of age: 1 adult : 4 children

children aged three - seven years of age: 1 adult : 8 children

Minimums of two employees/adults are on duty at any one time and will never be below the ratios as set out above.

All new staff will shadow an experienced member of staff to ensure that they are complying will the nurseries policies and procedures and have a good understanding of the Early Years Foundation Stage so that they can work independently alongside the children

All staff are expected to attend a monthly staff meeting to reflect upon Nursery practices, children's experience, achievements and what 'comes next'.

Staff will have regular supervision to appraise their ability to perform their job responsibilities, to show that they are a valued member of staff in their contribution to the Nursery and to identify any further support needed to enhance their work performance.

We work towards offering equality of opportunity by using non-discriminatory procedures for employee's recruitment and selection.

All employees have job descriptions which set out their employee's roles and responsibilities.

We welcome applications from all sections of the community. Applicants will be considered on the basis of their suitability for the post, regardless of marital status, age, gender, culture, religious belief, ethnic origin or sexual orientation. Applicants will not be placed at a disadvantage by our imposing conditions or requirements that are not justifiable.

We provide employees induction training in the first week of employment. This induction includes our Health and Safety Policy and Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy. Other policies and procedures will be introduced within an induction plan to include Employee Handbook which includes disciplinary procedures.

We support the work of our employees by holding regular supervision meetings and appraisals.

We are committed to recruiting, appointing and employing employees in accordance with all relevant legislation and best practice.

We use Ofsted guidance on obtaining references and criminal record checks through the DBS for employees and volunteers who will have substantial access to children.

All staff must take part in regular CPD (continuous personal development) sessions to ensure that keep up to date with new childcare legislations, guidelines and good practice.

All staff has their own copy of the Nursery Prospectus and are required to sign as recognition of reading, understanding and complying with all policies and procedures.

Students - We may offer places to students undertaking Early Years qualifications and training

All students will be DBS checked in accordance with OFSTED requirements...

Key Person

Each child is assigned a member of staff as their key person, this responsibility is to

- Build a relationship with the child to make sure the child feels safe and secure in while at nursery
- To know the interest and stages of development of their key children
- To monitor the emotional, intellectual and physical development of their key children
- To carry out observations and for these to be recorded in their learning journals, (anything that happens for the first time or specific dialog, childs interests or anything significant.
- To work closely with the parent/guardian.

Supervision of Staff Policy

ST Bees Little Learners Nursery recognises the need for regular and effective supervision of all staff that have contact with children and families. Supervision will provide support, coaching and training for the practitioner and promotes the interests of children.

Supervision should foster a culture of mutual support, teamwork and continuous improvement which encourages the confidential discussion of sensitive issues. [EYFS 2014]

We have informal supervision during monthly staff meetings which minutes are taken and recorded. Formal supervision takes place 3 times a year and is recorded in each staff file.

Purpose of supervision:

Review staff member's work load

Monitor progress and review the direction of their work

Identify any gaps in training needs and skills in order to enhance professional development Celebrate work achievements

A place to be challenged supportively and constructively

Issues related to work are addressed

Working practices are discussed

Emotional well-being/work-life balance; a place for personal development

Mutually agreed and acceptable boundaries

A place to offload

Supervisee can expect from supervision:

A place where guidance is received

To be challenged; a place to address actions and follow up That notes and records of the sessions are made and stored appropriately An assessment of training needs Support is offered That the supervisor has an understanding of the supervisee's work and workload Acknowledgement and praise is received Work is discussed and targets agreed discuss any issues – particularly concerning children's development or well-being; identify solutions to address issues as they arise; receive coaching to improve their personal effectiveness A place where personal things (not work related) can be discussed; but this is optional A place to offload Procedure: Supervision meetings usually last approximately one hour. Supervision should take place in a private and uninterrupted space. If meetings have to be cancelled for any reason they should be rescheduled as soon as possible. Notice and relevant paperwork will be given to the employee prior to supervision meetings. Both parties should bring relevant paperwork to the meeting

It is the supervisor's responsibility to record the meeting and provide a copy for the supervisee and file appropriately.

Both parties should sign the agreed paperwork.

A date for the next meeting should always be arranged before the end of the supervision.

Confidentiality:

Confidentiality will be maintained in accordance with the confidentiality policy.

Working Guidelines for Good Practice:

Creating the right Environment

Regarding venue: be aware this is a professional relationship so that a private room booked well in advance is good practice; however if the space needs to be in a public place then ensure that the supervisee has input into the final decision.

Ensure that refreshments are available.

No phones or mobile phones around or on (unless in an agreed/notified personal emergency; these will be identified, expected, urgent, work-related calls).

To ensure that supervision time is prioritised and not interrupted.

Ensure that room layout and furniture creates a comfortable atmosphere for open communication.

Put supervision times in the diary and inform other colleagues.

Where possible, place a sign on the door where supervisions are taking place to avoid interruptions.

Make sure that sessions start and finish at agreed times.

Consider the time of day that sessions are held.

Employment Policy

(Including suitability, contingency plans, training and development)

Policy statement

St Bees Little Learners Nursery meet the Safeguarding and Welfare Requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage, ensuring that our staff are appropriately qualified, and we carry out checks for criminal and other records through the DBS in accordance with statutory requirements.

Procedures

- Vetting and staff selection
- We work towards offering equality of opportunity by using non-discriminatory procedures for staff recruitment and selection.
- All staff have job descriptions, which set out their staff roles and responsibilities.
- We welcome applications from all sections of the community. Applicants will be considered
 on the basis of their suitability for the post, regardless of disability, gender reassignment,
 pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sexual orientation, sex, age, marriage or civil
 partnership. Applicants will not be placed at a disadvantage by our imposing conditions or
 requirements that are not justifiable.
- We use Ofsted guidance on obtaining references and enhanced criminal record checks through the DBS for staff and volunteers who will have unsupervised access to children. This is in accordance with requirements under the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act (2006) for the vetting and barring scheme.
- We keep all records relating to employment of staff and volunteers, in particular those demonstrating that checks have been done, including the date and number of the enhanced DBS check.
- Staff are expected to disclose any convictions, cautions, court orders, reprimands and warnings which may affect their suitability to work with children whether received before, or at any time during, their employment with us.

Disqualification

Where we become aware of any relevant information which may lead to the disqualification of an employee, we will take appropriate action to ensure the safety of children. In the event of disqualification, that person's employment with us will be terminated.

Changes to staff

We inform Ofsted of any changes in the person responsible for our setting.

Training and staff development

The manager will hold a level 3 or above qualification in Childcare.

We provide regular in-service training to all staff - whether paid staff or Our setting budget allocates resources to training.

We provide staff induction training in the first week of employment. This induction includes our Health and Safety Policy and Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy. Other policies and procedures will be introduced within an induction plan.

We support the work of our staff by holding regular supervision meetings and appraisals.

We are committed to recruiting, appointing and employing staff in accordance with all relevant legislation and best practice.

Staff taking medication/other substances

If a member of staff is taking medication which may affect their ability to care for children, we ensure that they seek further medical advice. Staff will only work directly with the children if medical advice confirms that the medication is unlikely to impair their ability to look after children properly.

Staff medication on the premises will be stored securely and kept out of reach of the children at all times.

Managing staff absences and contingency plans for emergencies

St Bees Little Learners Nursery organises staff annual leave so that ratios are not compromised. Where staff are unwell and take sick leave in accordance with their contract of employment, we organise cover to ensure ratios are maintained.

Sick leave is monitored and action is taken where necessary, in accordance with the contract of employment.

Student placements Policy

Policy statement

St Bees Little Learners Nursery recognises that qualifications and training make an important contribution to the quality of the care and education provided by early years settings. As part of our commitment to quality, we offer placements to students undertaking early years qualifications and training. We also offer placements for school pupils on work experience.

We aim to provide for students on placement with us, experiences that contribute to the successful completion of their studies and that provide examples of quality practice in early years care and education.

Procedures

We require students on qualification courses to meet the 'suitable people' requirements of Ofsted and have DBS checks carried out.

We require students in our setting to have a sufficient understanding and use of English to contribute to the well-being of children in our care.

We require schools placing students under the age of 17 years with the setting to vouch for their good character.

We supervise students under the age of 17 years at all times and do not allow them to have unsupervised access to children.

Students undertaking qualification courses who are placed in our setting on a short term basis are not counted in our staffing ratios.

Trainee staff employed by the setting and students over the age of 17 may be included in the ratios if they are deemed competent and responsible.

We take out employers' liability insurance and public liability insurance, which covers both trainees and voluntary helpers.

We require students to keep to our Confidentiality and Client Access to Records Policy.

We co-operate with students' tutors in order to help students to fulfil the requirements of their course of study.

We provide students, at the first session of their placement, with a short induction on how our setting is managed, how our sessions are organised and our policies and procedures.

We communicate a positive message to students about the value of qualifications and training. We make the needs of the children paramount by not admitting students in numbers that hinder the essential work of the setting.

We ensure that trainees and students placed with us are engaged in bona fide early years training, which provides the necessary background understanding of children's development and activities.

Supervision of children on outings and visits

Policy statement

Children benefit from being taken out of the setting to go on visits or trips to local parks, or other suitable venues, for activities which enhance their learning experiences. Staff at St Bees Little Learners Nursery ensure that there are procedures to keep children safe on outings; all staff and volunteers are aware of and follow the procedures as laid out below.

Procedures

Parents are always asked to sign specific consent forms before outings.

A risk assessment is carried out before an outing takes place.

All venue risk assessments are made available for parents to see.

Our adult to child ratio is high, normally one adult to two children, depending on their age, sensibility and the type of venue, as well as how it is to be reached.

Named children are assigned to individual staff to ensure that each child is well supervised, that no child goes astray and that there is no unauthorised access to children.

Outings are recorded in an outings record book kept in the setting, stating:

The date and time of the outing.

The venue and mode of transport used.

The names of the staff members assigned to each of the children.

The time of return.

Staff take a mobile phone on outings, as well as supplies of tissues, wipes, spare clothing and nappies, medicines required for individual children, a mini first aid kit, snacks and water. The amount of equipment will vary and be consistent with the venue and the number of children, as well as how long they will be out for.

Staff take a list of children with them with contact numbers of parents/carers, as well as an accident book and a copy of our Missing Child Policy.

Records are kept of the vehicles used to transport children, with named drivers and appropriate insurance cover.

A minimum of two staff accompany children on outings and a minimum of two remain behind with the rest of the children.

Supporting children with special educational needs policy

Policy statement

St Bees Little Learners Nursery provide an environment in which all children, including those with special educational needs, are supported to reach their full potential.

We have regard for the DfES Special Educational Needs Code of Practice (2014).

We ensure our provision is inclusive to all children with special educational needs.

We support parents and children with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND).

We identify the specific needs of children with special educational needs and meet those needs through a range of SEND strategies.

We work in partnership with parents and other agencies in meeting individual children's needs.

We monitor and review our policy, practice and provision and, if necessary, make adjustments.

Procedures

We ensure that the provision for children with special educational needs is the responsibility of all members of the setting.

We ensure that our inclusive admissions practice ensures equality of access and opportunity.

We work closely with parents of children with special educational needs to create and maintain a positive partnership.

We ensure that parents are informed at all stages of the assessment, planning provision and review of their children's education.

We provide parents with information on sources of independent advice and support.

We liaise with other professionals involved with children with special educational needs and their families, including transfer arrangements to other settings and schools.

We provide a broad, balanced and differentiated curriculum for all children with special educational needs.

We use a system of planning, implementing, monitoring, evaluating and reviewing individual educational plans (IEPs) for children with special educational needs.

We ensure that children with special educational needs are appropriately involved at all stages of the graduated response, taking into account their levels of ability.

We provide resources (human and financial) to implement our Special educational Needs Policy.

We raise awareness of any specialism the setting has to offer.

We ensure the effectiveness of our special education needs provision by collecting information from a range of sources e.g. Individual Education Plan reviews, staff and management meetings, parental and external agency's views, inspections and complaints. This information is collated, evaluated and reviewed annually.

We provide a complaints procedure.

We monitor and review our policy annually.

Tapestry Policy

Aims

St Bees Little Learners Nursery ensures that all children attending the setting have a personal Learning Journey which records photos, observations and comments, in line with the Early Years Foundation Stage, to build up a record of each child's achievements during their time with us.

It will also show children's developmental progress through the different age bands of the EYFS.

Procedures

Each child will have an Early Years Practitioner (EYP) allocated to them who will be responsible for the compilation of that child's Learning Journey.

ST Bees Little Learners Nursery uses an online Learning Journey system (Tapestry), allowing staff and parents to access the information from any computer via a personal, password-protected login.

Staff access allows input of new observations and photos or amendment of existing observations and photos.

Parent access allows input of new observations and photos or the addition of comments on existing observations and photos – parent log-ins do not have the necessary permission to edit existing material.

Parents logging into the system are only able to see their own child's Learning Journey.

Parents are asked to sign a consent form giving permission for their child's image to appear in other children's Learning Journeys, and to protect images of other children that may appear in any photos contained in their child's Learning Journey. Parents who sign this agreement also then agree that they will not use the photos of their children which may also contain other children for anything other than personal use; so must not go on any social networking sites or any other type of public use.

The Learning Journey is started once the child has started Nursery. During the first term, entries will be made more frequently as staff get to know the children.

New observational entries to a child's Learning Journey will usually be uploaded within two weeks of the observation being made.

Observations are written in the present tense.

In all written observations, other children are referred to by first name only.

Tapestry is not used as a general communication tool between Nursery and home. A child's learning journey is a document recording their learning and development and parents may add comments on observations or contribute photos, videos or information about activities they have been doing at home.

Parents may contact us through the usual channels for any other day-to-day matters, e.g. absence, lost property, etc.

Security

The Tapestry on-line Learning journey system is hosted on secure dedicated servers based in the UK.

Access to information stored on Tapestry can only be gained by unique user id and password.

Parents can only see their own child's information and are unable to login to view other children's Learning Journeys.

Toilet Policy

Babies/children who wear nappies

Please ensure you provide enough nappies and wipes to last your child throughout the Nursery Day

If you child requires nappy cream, please ensure you supply the cream.

Toilet Training

It is important that the nursery follows your child's routine with regards to toilet training. When you think your child is ready please discus this with your child's key person.

Signs to look for

- Nappy frequently dry
- Child tells you when their nappy needs changed
- Child can follow simple instructions
- These signs do not usually appear until after 18months

In case of accident please can parents/guardians provide two sets of clean clothes, ensuring that the clothes are clearly labelled with the child's name

Transfer of Records Policy

We recognise that children sometimes move to another early years setting before they go on to school, although many will leave our setting to enter a nursery or reception class.

We prepare children for these transitions and involve parents and the receiving setting or school in this process. We prepare records about a child's development and learning in the Early Years Foundation Stage in our setting; in order to enable smooth transitions, we share appropriate information with the receiving setting or school at transfer.

Confidential records are shared where there have been child protection concerns according to the process required by our Local Safeguarding Children Board.

The procedure guides this process and determines what information we can and cannot share with a receiving school or setting.

Procedures

Transfer of development records for a child moving to another early years setting or school Using the Development Matters in the Early Years Foundation Stage guidance and our assessment of children's development and learning, the key person will prepare a summary of achievements in the seven areas of learning and development.

The record refers to:

- any additional language spoken by the child and his or her progress in both languages;
- any additional needs that have been identified or addressed by the setting;
- any special needs or disability, whether a CAF was raised in respect of special needs or disability, whether there is a Statement of Special Educational Needs, and the name of the lead professional.

The record contains a summary by the key person and a summary of the parent's view of the child.

The document may be accompanied by other evidence, such as photos or drawings that the child has made.

When a child transfers to a school, most local authorities provide an assessment summary format or a transition record, which we will follow as applicable.

If there have been any welfare or protection concerns, a star is placed on the front of the assessment

record.

Transfer of confidential information

The receiving school or setting will need to have a record of any safeguarding or child protection

concerns that were raised in the setting and what was done about them.

A summary of the concerns will be made to send to the receiving setting or school, along with the

date of the last professional meeting or case conference. Some Local Safeguarding Children Boards

will stipulate the forms to be used and provide these.

This information is posted or taken to the school or setting, addressed to the setting or school's

designated person for child protection and marked as 'confidential'.

Legal framework

Data Protection Act (1998)

Freedom of Information Act (2000)

Human Rights Act (1998)

Children Act (1989)

Further guidance

What to do if You're Worried a Child is Being Abused (HMG 2015)

Information Sharing: Guidance for Practitioners and Managers (DCSF 2008)

Uncollected Child Policy

Policy statement

In the event that a child is not collected by an authorised adult at the end of a session/day, we put into practice agreed procedures. These ensure the child is cared for safely by an experienced and qualified practitioner who is known to the child. The child will receive a high standard of care in order to cause as little distress as possible.

We inform parents/carers or our procedures so that, if they are unavoidably delayed, they will be reassured that their children will be properly cared for.

Procedures

Parents of children starting at the setting are asked to provide the following specific information which is recorded on our registration form:

Home address and telephone number - if the parents do not have a telephone, an alternative number must be given, perhaps a neighbour or a close relative.

Place of work, address and telephone number (if applicable)

Mobile number (if applicable)

Names, addresses, telephone numbers and signatures of adults who are authorised by the parents to collect their child from the setting, for example child minder or grandparent.

Who has parental responsibility for the child.

Information about any person who does not have legal access to the child.

On occasions when parents, or the persons normally authorised to collect the child, are not able to collect the child, they provide us with written details of the name, address and telephone number of the person who will be collecting their child. We agree with parents how to verify the identity of the person who is to collect their child.

Parents are informed that if they are not able to collect the child as planned, they must inform us so that we can begin to take back-up measures. We provide parents with our contact telephone number.

We inform parents that we apply our child protection procedures in the event that their children are not collected by an authorised adult within one hour after the setting has closed and the staff can no longer supervise the child on our premises.

If a child is not collected at the end of the session/day, we follow the following procedures:

The child's file is checked for any information about changes to the normal collection routines.

If no information is available, parents/carers are contacted at home or at work.

If this is unsuccessful, the adults who are authorised by the parent to collect their child from the setting - and whose telephone numbers are recorded on the Registration Form - are contacted.

All reasonable attempts are made to contact the parents or nominated carers.

The child does not leave the premises with anyone other than those named on the Registration Form or in their file.

If no-one collects the child after one hour and there is no-one who can be contacted to collect the child, we apply the procedures for uncollected children.

We contact the local authority children's social services care team on the Hub

The child stays at the setting in the care of two fully vetted workers until the child is safely collected either by the parents or by the social care worker.

Social Care will aim to find the parent or relative if they are unable to do so, the child will become looked after by the local authority.

Under no circumstances do staff go to look for the parent, nor do they take the child home with them.

A full written report of the incident is recorded in the child's file.

Depending on the circumstances, we reserve the right to charge parents for the additional hours worked by our staff.

Whistleblowing Policy

The whistle blowing procedure aims to help and protect both staff* and students. By following the procedure you are acting to:

- prevent a problem getting worse,
- · safeguard children and young people, and
- reduce the potential risks to others.
- The earlier you raise a concern, the easier and sooner it is possible for the setting to take action.

St Bees Little Learners Nursery is committed to the highest possible standards and recognises that its staff, students and volunteers are often the first to realise that there may be something wrong within the setting. However, they may not express their concerns because they feel that speaking up would be disloyal to their colleagues or they may fear harassment or victimisation. In these circumstances, it may be easier to ignore the concern rather than report what may just be a suspicion of malpractice.

The Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 protects workers who raise concerns from victimisation or harassment. In accordance with that Act and its commitment to the highest standards of service delivery, the setting actively encourages its workers with concerns about any aspect of the setting's practice or any adult's, volunteer's or student's conduct to come forward and voice those concerns, in confidence, within the setting rather than overlooking a problem.

Objective

The aim of this policy and associated procedures is to establish an internal procedure that will encourage and enable staff, students and volunteers to raise concerns about any aspect of the setting's practice, (which do not meet the criteria for being dealt with as a complaint, grievance or allegation), in confidence and without fear of reprisals, to ensure that the setting continues to work within best practice and safeguard children and young people.

Scope

Concerns that should be raised via the Whistle Blowing Policy may be in relation to the actions/behaviours of other staff, students or volunteers, or about something that is perceived as:

- unlawful
- failing to comply with the setting's policy and procedures
- poor practice

• improper conduct.

Principles

This policy is based on the following fundamental principles:

- All staff, students and volunteers have the right to raise concerns about perceived unacceptable practice or behaviour.
- The responsibility for expressing concerns about unacceptable practice or behaviour rests with all staff, students and volunteers.
- The setting will not tolerate harassment or victimisation and will take action to protect workers when they raise a concern in good faith.
- The setting will do its best to protect a whistle blower's identity when he/she raises a concern and does not want his/her name to be disclosed. However, if the concern raised needs to be addressed through another procedure, e.g. disciplinary procedure, the worker may be required to provide a signed statement as part of the evidence.
- In some circumstances the setting may have to disclose the identity of the worker without his/her consent, although this will be discussed with the worker first.
- Appropriate advice and support will be made available to staff, students and volunteers who
 raise concerns.
- Those who raise concerns will be kept informed of the progress and outcome of any investigation.
- The setting will not tolerate malicious allegations, this may be considered as a disciplinary
 offence.

Procedures

Procedures for reporting and investigating 'whistle blowing' concerns have been developed to ensure that:

- Staff, students and volunteers can raise concerns (no matter how small they may appear) internally as a matter of course, and receive feedback on any action taken.
- Concerns are taken seriously and dealt with quickly and appropriately.
- Staff and volunteers are reassured that they will be protected from reprisals or victimisation for whistle blowing in good faith.
- Staff and volunteers can take the matter further if they are dissatisfied with the setting response and seek external advice and guidance.

- Issues raised are addressed via other procedures and policies as appropriate, e.g. safeguarding policy, allegations against an adult working in a setting, grievance, disciplinary, health and safety.
- Appropriate records are maintained for monitoring purposes.

Raising a Concern

Staff, students and volunteers should raise concerns with the manager. Concerns should be raised in writing and include:

- reference to the fact that it is a whistle blowing disclosure
- the background and history of the concerns
- names, dates and places (where possible)
- The reasons why the individual is concerned about the situation.

Staff who feel unable to put concerns in writing, can telephone or meet the manager.

Investigation

The action taken will depend on the nature of the concern. All matters raised, with the exception of allegations of abuse against a staff member, or unlawful activity, will be investigated internally.

The appropriate person/s will investigate the concerns thoroughly, ensuring that a written response can be provided within ten working days.

The response should include details of how the matter was investigated, conclusions drawn from the investigation, and whom to contact should the staff member be unhappy with the response and wish to raise the matter.

If the investigation cannot be completed within the timescale above, the staff member should receive a response that indicates:

- progress to date
- how the matter is being dealt with
- how long it will take to provide a final response.

In order to protect individuals, initial enquiries (usually involving a meeting with the individual raising the concern), will be made to decide whether an investigation is appropriate and, if so, what form it should take. Concerns or allegations that raise issues that fall within the scope of other policies/procedures, will be addressed under those procedures.

Some concerns may be resolved at this initial stage simply, by agreed action or an explanation regarding the concern, without the need for further investigation.

If you do not feel that the complaint has been dealt with effectively or you still have concerns, you have a right to refer your concerns to Ofsted.

Allegations of abuse against adults who work or volunteer in the setting

If an allegation is made against a staff member or volunteer, the following action will be taken (as per the 'Allegations of Abuse against Adults who Work or Volunteer in a Childcare Setting' flowchart and guidance):

The setting will ensure the immediate safety of the children.

If the LADO decides that there is a child protection concern, external/internal agencies (e.g. police) will be informed by the LADO and the setting will act upon the advice given to ensure that any investigation is not jeopardised.

It may be necessary for the employer to suspend the alleged perpetrator. Suspension is a neutral act to allow a thorough and fair investigation.

If it is agreed that there is not a child protection concern, the setting will investigate further and feedback the outcome of the investigation to Kayleigh Robertson..

Working in partnership with other agencies

Policy statement

At St Bees Little Learners Nursery we work in partnership with local and national agencies to promote the well-being of all children.

Procedures

We work in partnership, or in tandem with, local and national agencies to promote the well-being of children.

Procedures are in place for the sharing of information about children and families with other agencies. These are set out in the Information Sharing Policy, Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy and the Supporting Children with Special Educational Needs Policy.

Information shared by other agencies with us is regarded as third party information. This is also kept in confidence and not shared without consent from that agency.

When working in partnership with staff from other agencies, we make those individuals welcome in the setting and their professional roles are respected.

We follow the protocols for working with agencies, for example on child protection.

Staff from other agencies do not have unsupervised access to the child they are visiting in the setting and do not have access to any other child(ren) during their visit.

Our staff do not casually share information or seek informal advice about any named child/family. When necessary, we consult with local and national agencies who offer a wealth of advice and information that help us to develop our understanding of the issues facing us and who can provide support and information for parents. For example, ethnic/cultural organisations, drug/alcohol agencies, welfare rights advisors or organisations promoting childcare and education, or adult education.

Working in partnership with parents/guardians

The nursery aims to ensure all parents/guardians are made welcome to visit the nursery at any time

The nursery provides each child with an account on their assessment software Tapestry, this can then feedback information to each parent/guardian on a regular basis.

Babies up to 2 year old will have a family liaise book, which will document what the child has done throughout the day and anything that is needed to be sent home, this can also be used for parents/guardians to comment and feedback to the nursery staff.

The nursery welcomes parental support with activities. If you have skill that you would like to share with the chil